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AMONG THE LAURENTIANS

A Camping Story

BY

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TORONTO

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1885

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CAMPING SONG.

How dear to my heart is the silvery light Of the moon, as she rises so gloriously bright, As she hangs o'er the pine on the mountain's brow And chases the gloom from the valley below, And o'er the wild landscape her bright beams abound Till rock, lake, and forest with glory are crowned. In the stillness of night when the world is at rest, Then Luna, enthroned on the mountain's crest, Seems a guardian spirit, the long night keeping Her watch o'er the earth while all nature is sleeping. Oh! then to my soul is the scene of repose A vision of peace for the world and its woes.

How dear to my heart is the quivering gleam Of the water when kissed by her silvery beam, When the light of the glittering wave is hung On the edge of the shade by the pine tree flung, When the woods on the shore grow dark and dim With their sentinel shadows so tall and grim, And the gloom of the forest seems dark and drear By the side of the water so bright and clear, On the lake's broad bosom the glimmering sheen Like a halo of glory enhances the scene. Oh! then to my soul is the scene of delight A vision of beauty entrancing the sight.

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CAMPING SONG.

How dear to my heart is a camp in the wood When night has come down with her dark sable hood, When the gleam of the fire-fly is seen in the shade, And the glare of the torch lights the tent on the glade, When the light of our camp-fire abroad is flung Till our shadows are dancing the pine trees among; As the glow of our camp-fire grows warm and bright Our spirits rise high and our hearts grow light, Our glad voices peal forth the jovial strain Till the heart of the forest gives back the refrain. Oh! then to my soul is the scene so sublime That its memory lives through the rolling of time.

S. C. K.

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AMONG THE LAURENTIANS.

CHAPTER I.

CONVEYS OUR PARTY TO THE NORTHERN LAKES.



APPY is the man whose soul is so in harmony with nature, that he finds his chief delight in forest and mountain, flood and field, and

draws an unusual pleasure from the contemplation of not only the mightiest but the humblest works of God; such a man can never be really unhappy.

We claim that this love of nature is a possession by which most men are widely separated from their fellows. But let us not be misunderstood just here. We mean the faculty of finding pleasure in the very least of nature's gifts. The dullest and most obtuse of men will be impressed and awe-stricken at the

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sight of the thundering Niagara, but not every one will appreciate the beauty of a mountain cascade or a forest rivulet. The most ignorant habitant will cower and tremble when the thunder booms above his head, or when the wild tornado sweeps across the plain, unroofing his barn and tearing up his trees; but from one year's end to another he would never notice the beauty of the morning breeze as it glides down from the mountain and curls the foamy billow on the sparkling lake. There is a beauty and a grandeur in nature that is not seen or felt by every one. To one man the virgin wilderness represents just so much lumber, or a covert for game: nothing more. Another, with bared head, will move among the stately pines saving in his heart, "These are Thy mighty works, Parent of good." His soul will be wrought with feelings akin to those that are experienced when he treads the aisles of some venerable cathedral; the silent forest is to him a temple not made with hands.

It is only our ardent love of nature that prompts us to pen these pages. So keen is our delight in the forest and flood, so full of interest are the memories of our sylvan joys, that even though these pages should never come to the public, we will endeavor to embalm them in the story of "Among the Laurentians."

We have not attempted a thrilling narrative of travel and adventure in foreign lands, but a plain, unvarnished account of the recreations of a party of students among the rocks and lakes of our own fair

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Canada. We were sportsmen, of course, and by rod, gun, and the sweat of our brows we made our daily bread. Still, we were not hunters in the general sense of the term; that is to say, we had no designs on the massive denizens of our forests, and made no attempt to slaughter them. The stately moose and graceful deer were allowed to range the valley free at their own sweet wills. We did not aim so high; our intentions were more modest. There was not a man in all our company anxious to array his hall with the broad antlers of the moose, to exhibit to his friends as trophies of his prowess-purchased, forsooth, in some Hudson Bay Company's trading station. We were bound for the mountains of the north, on peaceable thoughts intent, anxious for nothing more than a few weeks' ruralizing among the lakes and hills gathering strength and spirit sufficient to carry us through the next college term. Hence we were without the necessity of slaughtering any more game than was needed to sustain these mortal coils, so that our weapons were chiefly the fishing-rod and shot-gun, and, as a general thing, we made war on no bird, beast, or fish more ferocious than the savage pike or the fighting cock-partridge. As to the locality of our exploits, it will suffice to say the scene is pitched somewhere in the northern part of the province of Quebec, in the very heart of the Laurentian Hills, and nearly a hundred miles from civilization.

Now we must introduce the members of our party. This will not take long, as they are but four in num-

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ber. The names we give them are only temporary, and were enlisted to do service merely during the campaign.

First. There is our worthy Captain, who is voted to this post of honor by virtue of a great many qualities. He is the son of a wealthy lumber merchant, the owner of extensive limits in the region to which we are bound. Being of a somewhat sportive turn of mind, our Captain has spent a portion of each year among the mountains, hence he knows the country well, and has gathered a great deal of camping and sporting experience that will be of great service to us. The Captain, by virtue of his office and position, provides all the camp requisites and sporting accessories that we shall need; in addition to this, the three sturdy bushrangers who will escort us into our quarters are men in his employ. So by every right and title he is appointed Captain of the expedition.

No. 2. This is a somewhat mysterious individual, whose ways are past finding out. It was the verdict of our college class for three years in succession that we had no descriptive powers, and we never realized the truth of that verdict so vividly as when dealing with this very person. He is not a college student, for he has completed his course, even to the extent of going to Germany to put on the finishing touch, consequently he must know more than any college on this continent. He has a series of big capital letters after his name that gives his signature the appearance of a well-furnished clothes line; yet he has

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not adopted any profession, and we have no definite idea as to what he is aiming at. He is one of those grave and sedate individuals who are never ruffled, never excited, and, no matter how things go, never in the least disturbed. If he were an old acquaintance, like the next comer, we could turn him around before you, and trot him up and down to show off his points and peculiarities; but he is a stranger we have never met till to-day. There is something in his learned air and solemn bearing which led us in the first hour of our acquaintance to dub him Professor, and the title stuck to him till the end of the campaign.

Next! This is friend Zeno, though not by any means a stoic; a jovial, high-spirited medical student in the third year. If not the head of the party, friend Zeno is certainly the soul of it—a large-hearted, energetic fellow, who throws his whole soul, and body too, into work or play. And such an enthusiastic sportsman! just the kind of spirit for a comrade on an excursion like this.

No. 4. This is the tail of the expedition; an individual who may be described as a college student with a slight flavor of divinity about him. We have known this character for an odd five-and-twenty years, but he is still hard to understand and impossible to describe. He will figure on these pages as Nimrod, for the simple reason that he is not, and never was, a mighty hunter.

It is a glorious morning, about the middle of August; the sun is well on his way, but his power is tempered

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by a vigorous morning breeze, as we make our way through the streets of an old French town to the depot, where we meet with the Captain and his attendants, three hardy-looking Frenchmen, who have just arrived with our baggage on a waggon. Let us introduce them. Xavier—a dapper little fellow, who chatters like a magpie, and moves as though he were on springs, —is the cook of the regiment, and right well he understands his business. He speaks not a word of English, but enough French for six men.

Narcisse is the tallest and stoutest man in all our company; his shoulders and back are almost broad enough to tempt a bill-poster; a splendid fellow for the *portage* service; he will be able to carry both passengers and baggage at a pinch; and, another advantage, he has a good smattering of English.

The third is an ordinary style of Frenchman, with nothing remarkable about him, except his extreme taciturnity. He rejoices in the imperial cognomen of Nicholas, but when, for convenience' sake, this imposing appellation was familiarly abbreviated to Old Nick, a great deal of the dignity seemed to be lost.

Toot! Toot! is the signal for starting, and away we go.

This is not much of a train; there is only one passenger car, and that is a combination of first and second class. But we learn that this is an entirely new railway, and was only opened last summer; it runs about sixty miles back into the woods, and terminates at the end of the company's finances: that is to say, it is not yet completed, but will be carried farther along as soon as the directors are able to wheedle another bonus out of the Government.

There is a certain novelty about travelling on a railway of this kind: it is so different from the front lines, where everything is done in such a hurry and bustle. Here everything is carried on with an air of leisure that is quite unique, and the train saunters along from village to village at a sleepy rate of speed. There are no stations along this line, and the passengers get on and off with the most accommodating irregularity; any old woman can bring the train to a standstill by brandishing an umbrella or waving a basket. There are no fences by the side of the road, which necessitates the employment of an extra boy, whose duty it is to run ahead of the train and drive cattle off the track.

At last, when we have left the villages and clearings behind and are fairly in the woods, we bowl along at an increased rate of speed. The country now becomes very hilly and thickly wooded. We shoot through deep cuttings and over high embankments, along the edge of dizzy precipices and under overhanging cliffs, until at last there looms before us the broad river, and we have reached the end of the line. There is no station here, no hotel, no platform, no anything. So our baggage is all pitched unceremoniously out of the car and tumbled down the bank; bags of biscuit, guns, tackle, fish baskets, etc., are all flung out, head over heels so to speak. The cars are unhitched and left *in*

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statu quo, while the engine is laid up in a shed to smoke his pipe and have a lazy time for the rest of the day.

In the meantime we have collected all our traps at the river side and are preparing to pursue our journey by water. Our Captain has made all arrangements for the conveyance of his party, so there will be very little delay. Those arrangements, however, are worthy of notice. The craft in which we are to proceed is a large, flat-bottomed affair, about twelve feet long and eight broad, which is expected to carry eight men, a horse, and several hundredweight of miscellaneous baggage. Every man will have to work his passage, so we are each armed with a pike-pole to assist in propelling the unwieldy craft.

Now, all's ready, every man to his place; cast loose and away we go.

Hooking on to the slippery rocks, getting a grip on the rocky bottom, and poling away with all our might, we manage to make pretty good headway against the current. This is certainly a very primitive and most interesting mode of travel; it also affords a little of the element of excitement to greenhorns, for an occasional slip comes near putting the amateur overboard, and it is not long till even the Professor gets his dignity damped by coming down on his beam-ends on the sloppy bottom of the punt. Some of us were wondering what part the horse was to play in this comedy, and now the enquiry is to be answered. Yonder comes a narrow strip of sandy beach, reach-

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ing as far up the river as we can see, forming an excellent tow-path. So the *cheval* is brought into active service, and we get a chance to sit down for a while and survey the scene.

We are among the mountains at last, without doubt, in the very heart of the Laurentians. On every hand they rear their verdure-crowned heads; so lofty are their beetling brows, and so precipitous their shaggy sides, that this broad river seems but a narrow stream between them. There is one right before us now, whose pine-covered crest seems to be dallying with the fleecy clouds that hover around it; the ledges and projections on his rugged front are fringed with groves of spruce and cedar, that appear at this distance to be mere sprays of moss and lichen. To such a majestic height towers this monarch of the hills, that we have to recline almost on our backs to glance along his shaggy front, up to the dizzy summit, as we glide slowly past his base. Many and various were the estimates given of the height of this particular cliff. The Captain's estimate, of course, was the highest; we shall not give it here, as we wish to retain some of our respect for Capes Trinity and Eternity. With the exception of a few short intervals, where we had to use the poles, we were towed gently along in this manner for about twenty-five miles, and about six in the evening we were deposited, bag and baggage, on the beach, within five miles of our destination. Our lusty porters were loaded first, to the utmost limit of their carrying capacity, and what remained we proceeded to distribute

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among ourselves. Xavier shipped a cargo quite out of proportion with his diminutive body, but he skipped off quite nimbly with his burden, although nothing of him was visible from the rear but his legs.

Near to where we landed were some small cabins, occupied by French-Canadian trappers, who gathered around us with offers of assistance.

Our Captain was now in his own territory; for several miles around he was lord of man and beast; so he had no difficulty in impressing as many as he needed for the conveyance of our goods. Among other favors, he secured the services of a sagacious dog, said to be an unusually good hunter. With this valuable addition to our forces, we shouldered our guns and plunged into the forest, on the trail of our bearers, who were already some distance ahead.

This is evidently not the virgin wilderness, for the best pines have been culled out, as we see by the stumps, four and five feet in diameter, which remain, though enough is left to make it a pretty thick bush. And this is perhaps a lumber road we are travelling; it would be a passable road if its defects were covered with four feet of snow, tightly packed down, but now with all its projections exposed—well, it is a little better than a Quebec sidewalk, but not much.

As we advanced, the forest became more and more dense, and the deepening shades of evening added to this made it difficult for us to make our way as rapidly as we could wish, and we were considerably relieved at length to emerge into an extensive clearing, in the centre of which there stood a shanty. It was just light enough for us to see that a stream passed through this clearing, which had been obstructed by a beaver dam, forming a shallow lake, on the margin of which stood the shanty we were in search of, to be known henceforth as Camp Castle. We observed some attempts at agriculture as we passed, potatoes, corn, and other vegetables making some attempt to grow among the blackened pine stumps. As we approached the building we were greeted by the voices of our bearers, who had arrived there before us; and also by the savory odor of fried pork and onions. Our genius of a cook, despite his big bundle, had made such good speed that he had supper ready for us by the time we arrived. Here we were to spend the night and lay our plans for the future. This shanty, with its stores of provisions, we were to use as a base of operation and source of supply. It would also serve as a place of refuge in case bad weather should set in sooner than expected, and not a bad shelter either, at a pinch, for the shanty was more comfortable and better furnished than the common run of such places. It contained a large room furnished with a stove, and bunks for a dozen, where our retainers proceeded to make themselves at home; also a smaller room which we appropriated, furnished with a table and benches, bunks for six, and a rack for firearms containing a small rifle and several fowlingpieces. We had not time to pay much heed to our surroundings, for supper was ready, and so were we. How we revelled in fried pork and onions that night! It must have been a most princely hog whose carcase yielded those savory rashers. And the onions! Even the Professor asked for more as earnestly as any charity boy. Fortunately this was not the first time Xavier had cooked for a party of sportsmen, or he would have been dismayed at the prospect before him. We cannot speak so highly of the bed as of the board of this establishment, for our cedar twigs had been gathered in the remote past, and had been slept on by several generations of sportsmen; so we can declare they were not as "soft as downy pillows." Besides we had friend Zeno for a bed-fellow, who snorted like a whale and persisted in taking his half out of both sides of the bed, leaving us the middle. Still tired nature will assert her sway, and at length we fell asleep.



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CHAPTER II.

INTRODUCES US TO SPORTING LIFE.



Hallo! What's that? That is a rap on the nose from coming rather violently into con-

tact with the bunk overhead. But what was it that roused me so suddenly? Evidently the report of a gun; and now, being fairly aroused, I discover that my bed-fellow has departed. Glancing across the room I also observe that a gun is missing from the stand, and then it does not take long to arrive at an explanation of the mystery.

Brother Zeno has evidently appointed himself a foraging committee, and at the present moment is creating a mortality among the partridges. The rest of the household are still, to all appearance, sound asleep, snoring away as though they had to make up considerable lost time. No one seems to have noticed the report but myself, and while we are lying here at ease on our cedar twigs, there is friend Zeno out on the war-path hunting our breakfast. Now that I am

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awake it would not be a bad idea to join him in his labors and share his sport; so I crawl out of bed, intending to put the idea into practice forthwith.

The morning toilet out here in the bush is not a very elaborate affair, as we discard very little of our clothing for the night. So, after putting on coat, boots, and hat, I have only to girdle myself with a shot-belt, put a powder-flask into my pocket, select the lightest piece of ordnance from the rack, and step quietly out of the house, ready for action.

It is evidently very early, for it is scarcely daylight, and the morning star has not yet retired. The valley and creek are still shrouded in the mists of the night; around the margin of the lake, and along the winding passage of the water, only the tops of the spruce and cedars appear above the blue vapor, while the air is chilly enough to make one wish for an overcoat. Away to the east, above the forestcrowned hills, the horizon is glorious with the hues of dawn, and several shafts of light have glanced athwart the sky, heralding the advance of old Sol himself.

Yes, we have made an early start, and so much the better, for the day will be the longer, and the longest day will be short enough for the sport we have before us.

We made these observations at the same time we were making our way to the creek, for a second report informed us that our sporting friend was carrying on his operations in that direction, and as he has

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with him our only dog, it will be necessary to join him in order to share the services of that sagacious animal. So we cross on the old beaver-dam and make our way along the moss-covered rocks, skirting the water's edge as closely as possible, climbing over decaying logs and fallen trees, leaping from stone to stone, and when that line of travel becomes too difficult, burrowing through the underbrush and making short detours through the bush, but always using the river as a base-line. All this time the only thought in my mind was to join Zeno, and up till now I had paid no attention to my surroundings. Suddenly, from my very feet, up darted a big partridge, with a whir-r and clatter that startled me, pro tem., out of half my wits. What an unlucky sportsman to lose game like that from under my very nose! However, the bird has not gone very far. We will follow in that direction, and may get sight of it again.

Slowly, now, and softly, if you please. "With catlike step and stealthy tread," we are on the war-path, and the consciousness of quarry, perhaps within gunshot, has aroused the sportsman. But the partridge is a shy bird; we must respect his little peculiarities, and approach him with becoming deference. If we are going to have that bird in the stewkettle in time for breakfast we will have to steal down upon him like a lynx. So we advance with all possible caution, stealthily, silently, not a leaf is disturbed, not a twig is rustled, creeping, stealing, gliding, with our eyes all over. Every tree, stump and bush is scanned from top to bottom, until at last—can we believe our eyes ? —there, on the limb of an old pine, not ten feet from the ground, sits our prey. We are under the lee of as fine a fat partridge as ever drummed on a log, not twenty yards away, and in full sight. It is a sublime moment when we bring the death-dealing gun to our shoulder and cover the devoted bird. Steady, now ! It is five years since we fired a shot, and our nerves are fairly quivering with excitement. But surely at this distance it would be difficult to miss such a splendid shot. However, to settle the question, —bang ! and down he comes.

How that shot rang out clear and startling in the still morning air! How it rumbles and rolls among the mountains, echoing from crag to crag as though each separate peak were firing a salute to the king of day.

But, in the meantime, there, on the moss with his feet in the air, lies our partridge. It is almost with a feeling of regret that we take him up and smooth his ruffled plumage. Poor bird, cut off in his prime, stricken down in the flower of his youth. A few minutes ago we were quivering with exultation, but now that the deed is done there really seems very little to exult over. There isn't much of the heroic about it, after all, sneaking about in the woods like a beggarly midnight assassin, stealing a march upon a poor bird that is minding his own business, and blowing out his brains from behind; and there he lies on his native moss, " with his own blood staining his own

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fireside," so to speak. So this is what they call sport; it looks to me like a kind of murder. However, this is neither the time nor the place for sentiment, it is too near the hour of breakfast. Many a person who would moralize exactly as I have done would have no scruple about eating the poor bird if he were brought to the table. And here we are among the mountains, one hundred miles from the nearest provision store, and if we did not exercise our destructive propensities we would, in a few days, have nothing to eat; so we are compelled for the present to make a virtue of necessity, and, for the time being, become our own butchers. "Root, hog, or die," is the motto of the camp.

We are standing now on an elevated rock by the river, scanning the valley for some sign of our sporting friend. By this time it is broad daylight, the sun is evidently above the horizon, for the lofty peaks yonder have caught his earliest beams; but here in the valley it will be sometime yet before we are blessed by his cheering rays.

Here at last is the man I am seeking, making his way along the other side of the creek, with the dog at his heels, the gun on his arm, and, if I mistake not, a partridge or two in his left hand! He is evidently homeward bound.

"Well, friend Zeno, whatever induced you to forsake your virtuous couch at such an unseasonable hour of the day? Do you love to commune with nature, or were you attracted by the sylvan beauties of the—"

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"Nothing of the kind," he replies, holding up a pair of partridges for my inspection; "I came out to get something for breakfast. I've no notion of ringing the changes on salt pork while there is any virtue in a shot-gun."

Zeno, you observe, is a thoroughly practical individual. There certainly is enough of the imaginative in his composition to make him an interesting companion at home or abroad; but this is completely overshadowed by the practical element; whatever he may be in theory, in practice he is a thorough-going utilitarian.

Perhaps it is as well for our physical comfort that this is the case, for the camp, after all, is a most practical place, especially when we are depending for subsistence upon the gun and rod. Your serious and meditative philosopher, who is able to draw moral lessons from all the petty details of rustic life, may be a charming member of our camp; but the man who can keep the pot boiling is indispensable.

Arriving in sight of Camp Castle, the smoke curling from the little chimney informed us that the garrison was stirring, and as we sauntered up the slope the Captain appeared, coatless, hatless, with his hair on end and his hands in his pockets, evidently just out of bed, and on his way to the brook to perform his ablutions.

"Good morning, Captain, rather chilly."

"Yes," was the rather gruff reply. "Cold as the—" I did not catch that last word, but it sounded very

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much like "chickens." Just here let me say, by way of warning, our Captain, like most men of few words, is generally more expressive than elegant in his remarks. This little hint will prevent any unpleasant surprises in the future.

Seeing we have bagged some game, the Captain graciously condescends to favor it with an inspection. We have been out two hours and secured three birds. To our great surprise we are now informed that if we had gone to a certain place we might have bagged at least three dozen. You will observe before long that this kind of thing is another little peculiarity of the Captain's. He evidently has great confidence in the game-producing power of his hills, as well as the finny populousness of his lakes, and is proportionately suspicious of any sportsmen whose success does not seem to justify his confidence. Hence, no matter what achievement we might succeed in accomplishing with rod or gun, he was always ready with his narrative of some exploit that beat ours all hollow. I would not like to say just what was the weight of the big trout that was taken from the far lake last summer by some mythical personage; I only know that the phantom of that unfortunate fish haunted our brightest days. Oh! but he is a facetious fellow, is the Captain ! and were it not for the sly humor that twinkles in his eye during the spinning of those varns, we would have a poor opinion of our skill as a sport.

Breakfast, gentlemen! That is a joyful sound

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under any circumstances. How much more so up here in the mountains, especially to those of us who for several hours have been bounding through the forest, sniffing the aroma of the morning, getting up an appetite as keen as a wolf, and preparing ourselves for an attack of the most galloping consumption. It was an impressive sight as we filed into that inner room and seated ourselves around the rough pine-table, one at each point of the compass. And now, although a hundred miles from civilization, we have not left behind all the refinements of life, for there is actually a tablecloth; true, it is only a copy of the Guardian, which the Professor happened to have in his pocket, but it answers the purpose just as well as the finest of damask. Xavier is rather jealous of his reputation as a cook and waiter, so he hesitates until we are all fairly seated, and everything in readiness, before he brings on the steaming dish, andhere the curtain will have to fall. If the salt pork of vesterday were so delectable, the reader will understand why I shun the task of describing the fare of to-day. It will suffice to say, that whatever qualms of conscience I may have had over the slaughter of that partridge, they were all dispelled long before the remains of the poor bird had disappeared. I am prepared now to forgive any man who kills a partridge, especially if he invite me to dinner, for it is my firm conviction that they were made to be eaten. During breakfast a council of war was held relative to the opening of the campaign, as a result of which it was

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arranged that a detachment, composed of the Professor, Zeno and myself, should start immediately for Lake Clare, under the pilotage of Xavier, while the Captain and the other two Frenchmen remained to attend to some business connected with the shanty. We were to take with us the tent and provision for a couple of days, by which time the Captain agreed to join us with his companions at Lake Clare. After a few minutes' bustle we are ready to start. Our camp furnishings are all strapped upon the hardy little shoulders of Xavier, and the rest of us have only to carry each his own sporting accessories and blanket. The expedition is on foot. "Forward !" is the word, and away we go, single file, the Captain and his retainers waving us a farewell salute as our rear-guard disappears in the dense forest. The order of march is as follows: First: The dog, with tail erect and nose within half an inch of the ground, evidently smelling out the way lest we should run into the jaws of some ravenous beast. Next comes Xavier, playing the double part of pilot and pack-horse. Closely upon his heels follows brother Zeno, with his gun cocked and his finger on the trigger. He is doing his best to look both sides of the way at once, evidently on the look-out for something to pop at. Oh, the destructiveness of that man's nature! Brother Zeno is for the present the commander-in-chief of this detachment.

Next in honorable order there strides the worthy Professor, our scientist and *savant*, who, in addition to his gun and rod, has armed himself with a formidable-

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looking double-barrelled spy-glass. Last, and content perhaps to be the least, there trails your humble servant, the historian of the campaign. By this time the sun is high in the heavens, the shadows have been dispelled, the whole valley is radiant with glory and musical with the varied voices of nature. There is a musical tingling of numerous cascades along the ravine, mingled with the soft rustle of the breeze through the pine tops. As an undertone to this, there is a low bass murmur which we recognize as the thunder of the wild Shewanegan, mellowed by the distance.

We speak of the silence and solitude of the wilderness. But there is no solitude to him whose soul is tuned in harmony with nature; no silence to him whose ear is quick to gather inspiration from the murmuring breeze or the rippling brook. I pity the individual who is lonely anywhere. Even here, in this desert wild, among these interminable forests and these everlasting hills, if there were not a being with whom to exchange a word, it seems to me that my soul would not be lonely; food for thought would be supplied by everything on which mine eye would rest, and by every sound which fell upon mine ears. There is a glory and grandeur in scenes like this that is not felt by every man. I am thankful for all the delight of social intercourse, and all the sacred joys of friendship that brighten earth's pathway and fill life with bliss. But in my heart I am also thankful for the strange delight, the almost unearthly rapture, which I experience in communing alone with nature and with nature's

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God. One peculiarity of this wild region is worth mentioning, and that is the almost total absence of singing birds. Is it not strange that our feathered musicians should have such a partiality for the society of men that they are scarcely to be found beyond the borders of settled country? Can it be that the little choristers are conscious of the pleasure they impart, and, scorning to waste their sweetness on the desert air, prefer to trill their lays where they are best appreciated; or is their partiality for civilization to be accounted for by the fact that man is waging a war of extermination against every bird and beast of prey; so the sagacious creatures hover around our farms and villages, and repay us for their protection and sustenance by filling the summer air with melody. I am not attempting to explain the phenomenon, but simply stating the fact that the pine woods of the north are as bare of singing birds as Ireland is supposed to be of reptiles; and we hear nothing from the feathered population beyond the weird wail of the loon, the ghastly hoot of the owl, and an occasional scream from the eagle.

But all this time our detachment has been making good progress. We are now passing through a deep and narrow gully; rugged, moss-covered rocks are towering on either hand, in places almost meeting overhead; a sort of natural pass, but a very rough one under foot. Nature has been very accommodating in opening this passage through what would otherwise have been an unscalable cliff, and if the good dame had only

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completed the job by laying down a good, smooth flagstone pavement she would have won our heartfelt gratitude. As it is, there is a great deal to admire in the remarkable chasm; it is as weird and romantic a locality as one would wish to see; so shattered and jagged are the towering walls that they are full of cracks and openings, which here and there appear to widen into considerable caves. Why, this place alone is worth devoting a whole day to explore it thoroughly ! We might at least go slowly through it and take in its beauties as we pass. Surely there is no need for such unconscionable celerity, as though some deadly foe were hovering upon our rear. Xavier is leading; he ought not to go so fast with that big bundle on his back. Perhaps he would not if he had any choice in the matter; but that fellow Zeno is at his heels, prodding him now and then with the muzzle of his gun, and keeping up steam at the rate of five miles an hour. Zeno is on the war-path, with blood in his eye. so to speak; his mind is on the trout, and with his mental vision he sees nothing else; every moment with him is to be counted as lost until he buries a hook in the maw of some hapless poisson. There is the model sportsman for you! What is romance or the beauty of nature to him just now? Less than nothing, and vanity. Trout is the object in view; and these towering battlements, with all their rugged grandeur, to him they are simply barriers to be passed as soon as possible. And no insignificant barriers either,

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especially those under our feet; for each individual rock is turned sharp edge up; and as they are covered with moss and slippery with last night's dew, the keeping of one's footing is a matter of considerable difficulty. At the present high rate of speed every step is attended with considerable danger to ankle, shin-bone, knee-cap, hip-joint, and every other part of our anatomy clear to the brain pan. But away with fear; are we not sportsmen, and game is ahead ! So on we go, leaping, slipping, stumbling, and tripping at a rate which promises a rising market for court plaster.

Hallo! there at last is actually a place where the rocks meet overhead, forming a complete arch crowned with pine and veiled with herbage. Even our practical utilitarian commodore cannot pass that without an admiring glance, not he: it would not be in the nature of any man with a soul in his body of clay; so there is a halt for five minutes while we take in the novelty of the scene.

Never did these eyes rest on anything so unique. The arch is evidently caused by the ledges on one side sliding forward until the narrow chasm is completely roofed over for about twenty yards. No sunbeams ever find their way to the bottom of this ravine, and in the dim light that pervades the place every rock and crevice seems to start some wild suggestion. That dark aperture yonder at the base of that overhanging rock, what a splendid place for the den of

some wild beast; we can scarcely believe there is not a bear in that gloomy recess, or at least a she wolf with a litter of cubs. And, overhead, observe that suspicious-looking ledge projecting just under the cover of the arch. If there is not an eagle's nest on that ledge there ought to be one; and if there is anywhere in the neighborhood a bachelor eagle on matrimonial thoughts intent he could not do better than secure his bride and take possession at once. There are suggestive points to be taken in at every glance; but it is not in our power to do justice to the scene, especially as we have no descriptive powers. What a sensation there will be, by and by, when some wandering artist shall ramble into this region with his crayons or camera, and when the travelling public-the pleasure-seeking, scenery-hunting public-learn something of the scenic resources of our own glorious Canada.

"Forward!" is the word, and away we go on our rocky march. A vigorous tramp of a few minutes, and there at last is the blue sky right ahead.

But what has the blue sky to do down there in the valley?

Why, that is the lake! To be sure, so it is, and we are now at the water's edge. Nothing very remarkable about it with regard to size. A modest, unpretentious little lake, lying peaceably in the arms of the encircling hills. But a perfect little gem, fringed to the very edge with emerald verdure, and reflecting

faultlessly as a mirror the few fleecy clouds that are floating across the blue heavens. Now, lest the reader should suppose we have come a long journey this morning, we will explain that the distance from Camp Castle to the shore of the lake is just one mile. But you know a man can see a great deal to think about in a mile of this country, if he only has a thinking machine on his shoulders.





CHAPTER III.

FINDS US EXPLORING THE BOUNDARIES OF THE BEAUTIFUL LAKE CLARE IN SEARCH OF A LOCATION.



E have lost no time getting over that mile, and it is quite a relief to lay down our burdens and sit on the grass while Xavier prepares for our further transport. Out of

the rushes which fringe the margin of the lake he draws a bark canoe, fortunately a good-sized one, but not any too large to carry a party of four and all their baggage. After baling out the water, we pile our things into it, and proceed to stow ourselves on board as gingerly as possible, for the frail concern requires very careful treatment. Xavier, who is to supply the propelling power, of course occupies the centre. Brother Zeno deposits his burly form in the bow, bringing the gunwale down to within an inch or two of the water, the effect of which is neutralized by the Professor, myself, and the dog occupying the stern.

When all is ready, the shore recedes, and we glide out through the rushes and water lilies on to the

clear, still bosom of the lake. This is one of a chain of lakes, of which Lake Clare is the fourth, so we have some way to go yet by boat and portage before reaching our destination. Down at this depth, between the hills, the morning breeze is not felt at all; and so quiet is the water that the ripples in our wake are the only movement visible on its surface, as the sinewy arms of Xavier urge the heavily-laden canoe rapidly forward.

Brother Zeno cannot, of course, allow an opportunity like this to pass, and immediately commences to unwind his trolling line; but before he has got it fairly in the water, the bow of the canoe is turned toward the bank, and we enter a narrow channel, winding through the woods, so hemmed in by trees that their branches are brushing our faces, and so shallow that the canoe frequently grazes the bottom.

In a few minutes the creek widens, the water grows deeper, and we emerge into the bright sunlight on another lake, considerably larger than the one we have just'left. So clear is the still water that we can see distinctly to the depth of several feet; and, startled by the splash of the paddle, we discover fish darting off in all directions. This was too much for the irrepressible sportsman in the stern.

"Arreté Xavier! this place is alive with fish; let us have a cast."

"No, no, Monsieur ! à Lac Clare ! beaucoup de poisson !"

So saying, the agile Frenchman plied the paddle with redoubled vigor, and swept the canoe along at a

rate which effectually precluded all attempts to trap les poisson.

It was tantalizing, to be sure, but there was no help for it; Xavier had evidently taken his marching orders from the Captain, and was not prepared to receive any others until they had been carried out.

Another channel is passed, and we discover another and still larger lake, where, as before, our sudden appearance startles several good-sized fish, which were sunning themselves in the shallow water. This produces another appeal for a brief delay, and so great is our impatience that the Professor and I join in, and the effect of our united petition was to bring the Frenchman to a halt; not, however, with any intention of conceding our request, but simply that he might reason with us as to the advisability of proceeding without delay.

Crouching on the bottom of a shaky bark canoe is not a very favorable position for a display of oratory; but the Frenchman did pretty well. With gestures as energetic as he could venture to make without upsetting the tottering craft, and with a perfect torrent of French, the half of which we could not understand, he endeavored to impress upon us the necessity of making our way directly to our camping-ground, representing this wonderful Lake Clare as far surpassing any other lake known, or unknown, for the quantity and quality of its fish. And as for the ease with which they were captured, in the entire French language there was no word that was equal to the

occasion; so he met the emergency by a gesture as though he were filling the canoe with hay, and then, to settle the matter, he seized the paddle and literally churned the water with his vigorous strokes.

The Professor and I were laughing heartily at the Frenchman's eagerness. Zeno settled back with a growl of dissatisfaction, muttering that when he got to Lake Clare he would expect the fish to swarm around us, with tears in their eyes, begging to be caught.

In a few minutes we are landed on a rocky coast at the base of a lofty cliff, and as there is no water connection between this and Lake Clare we are to finish the journey on foot. The distance, however, is so short that we leave most of our things to be carried over by Xavier at his leisure, and, taking only our fishing gear, we start off in the direction pointed out. The trail leads us through another rocky gully, rising gradually to a level with the top of the cliff; the moss, in this instance, being worn off the stones by the tramp of more than one sporting party this very season. On leaving the gully we find ourselves in a dense pine wood, the tall, straight trunks of the trees standing like columns supporting the verdant roof; so thickly interwoven were the branches overhead that no trace of the blue sky was visible. So dense was the foliage that the gloom of twilight prevailed. It was the dim, religious light of the undesecrated sanctuary of nature. "This is the forest primeval"it has never yet echoed the woodman's axe, and the

trees are standing where they have grown since creation's birthday.

Perfectly free from underbrush is this virgin wilderness; far and wide the eye can range till the clustering trunks fill up the perspective. A few marks on the trees guide us as we press on with eager steps over the thick matting of fallen spines. In a little while we begin to descend. The path grows steeper at every step, and we frequently have to leap three or four feet down ledges of rock. The pines become thinner and smaller, underbrush makes its appearance, and at length we emerge upon the sandy beach of as charming a lake as these eyes ever gazed upon. This is Lake Clare.

While we are waiting for Xavier let us take in the scene. We are in the centre of a small, crescent-shaped bay, with a sandy beach, about half a mile long, bounded at either end by lofty rocks. Before us lies a broad sheet of water sparkling in the sunlight. Quite a breeze has sprung up, and the waves are rippling on the beach with a gentle murmuring sound; while the overhanging birches on the bordering rocks, as their long pendant branches are waving in the wind, seem to toy caressingly with the dancing water. On the opposite side of this lagoon rises a lofty cliff, crested with verdure, presenting its broad, shaggy front full to the glowing sunbeams. Whether this is an island or the mainland we cannot yet determine. Probably an island, for right and left of it the water stretches away indefinitely, presenting long vistas

of the most romantic and picturesque scenery, with striking combinations of rock, forest, and water. In every direction the lake is studded with islands of varying sizes and forms, some of them barely appearing above the surface of the water; others rising a hundred feet and having their lofty summits crowned with pine and cedar. Some of them are grey, barren rocks; others are as green as emeralds with grass and bushes. Most of them rise precipitously from the water's edge, their borders presenting scarcely foothold enough for landing. The exceptions are where they have been overturned by some great convulsion of nature, and there they lie with the serrated edges of their stratified summits sharply defined against the clear blue sky: In the still bays and channels they are all faithfully reflected in the pellucid water that surrounds them. Altogether it was as fair a scene as one could wish, and yet only one of many in our fair Canada.

Here is Xavier with the canoe on his head! So, with a rattling of reels, a snapping of rods, and a whirling of lines, we are once more afloat and right into the business of the day. But before we can accomplish much there is another dispute to be settled.

The Professor is an adept with the rod and reel, and proposes that we proceed to one of the narrow channels and have a cast with the fly. But Brother Zeno, whose impulsive nature is ill adapted to such flimsy work, proposes trolling; and urges that we ought to

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be moving about and exploring the lake. This last suggestion is unanswerable, so trolling wins.

Being the most expert canoeist of the party, I am. entrusted with the paddle, while the Professor sits in the bow calmly surveying the scene through his fieldglass; and Zeno reclines in the stern in a most comfortable posture, holding the line with his left hand, while his right hand shades his eyes, as he is peering in every direction, his broad countenance fairly beaming with delight, occasionally expressing his satisfaction in an explosion sufficient to scare all the fish within a mile. It is impossible to preserve any steady course, for he keeps me dodging about wherever he sees the least movement on the water. In one of these chases after a bubble he yells out :

"Hallo! Nimrod. By the great hokey! Take me down that channel. I declare to fortune I saw a fish as long as my leg."

Long before we can get there, the fish, if there ever were one, has departed for other scenes; but Zeno must have the satisfaction of towing his hook wherever there was any indication of life. After a few minutes' peace he throws down the line and roars out:

"Say, Professor, old boy! lend me that spyglass. If that is not an eagle on the top of that cliff yonder, I'm a Dutchman."

After a careful scrutiny of the object indicated, the Professor, with a sly twinkle, pronounces the eagle to be a wild goose. This rouses the ire of our ardent sportsman, who begs to be informed if he

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hasn't any eyes, and assures us that he has lived long enough in the country to know an eagle from a goose as far as he could see it. And besides, he triumphantly adds, whoever saw a wild goose perched on the top of a cliff? The Professor, he declares, may be a master of mathematics, but he evidently knows nothing of ornithology, to call that a goose.

All through this little tirade the Professor has been winking at me most immoderately; but of course this was all side play, and was not visible to the wrathful student in the stern. So after letting him vent his displeasure in this way for some time, the Professor hands over the glass, when the eagle resolves itself into a projection of rock, about twenty-five feet in length. Such is the delusive effect of the wonderfully clear atmosphere and still water, that the cliff, which is actually four miles away, seems scarcely one. So for a couple of hours we glide about the glassy waters, now skirting the margin of some lovely island, now gliding under some overhanging precipice, now rustling through a fringe of reeds which seemed to close the prospect, and finding beyond a further sweep of glittering water stretching away between the islands, until the eye lost itself in the tangled maze of rock and forest; now darting swiftly across a broad lagoon. or winding through some intricate passage, with the branches of the overhanging trees brushing our faces. Sometimes the rocky banks would seem to be hemming us in, the water surface growing narrower, until our progress is apparently obstructed by a lofty wall,

when an opening would be discovered barely six feet in width, passing which, we would find ourselves in a long, canal-like looking channel, the walls of which were so straight and even that they seemed to be the production of human skill, rather than the wild freaks of nature. Along this canal we would make our way. the gloom and chill intimating that the sunbeams rarely found their way there; and then, most unexpectedly, we would emerge into the broad, clear, open water. It was impossible to obtain any idea of the form of the lake or the arrangement of its numerous islands and promontories. It was a perfect watery maze; a regular natural Venice. So confusing were the sylvan passages and the heaped-up masses of rock, that one wonders how a country so shattered and jagged could hold water at all.





CHAPTER IV.

IN CAMP.



AVIER by this time has conveyed our goods across the portage, and stowed them on board a large, flat-bottomed boat which is kept on

the lake. And after waiting some time for our return he decides to proceed to the campingground in hopes of falling in with us on the way, which is exactly what happens. So we drop into his wake and follow him for about half a mile, when he leaves us at a spot that has evidently been used quite recently by a sporting party. There are the ruins of their little stone fireplace; here are their tent-poles, and yonder stood their tent, as we can see by the layer of spruce twigs rolled flat by the weight of their weary bodies. Among the bushes we discover quite a heap of the *debris* of game and fish, which bodes well for our future comfort, as our commissariat is rather slenderly furnished; a bag of shanty biscuits, a few pounds of salt pork, a couple of tins of canned meat, tea, salt, and a few other groceries, make up the

whole of it; our sporting skill must supply the rest. There is one comfort, however, the Captain with his contingent will be on hand in a day or two with fresh supplies from the shanty.

We have just about time to put up the tent and arrange matters before dinner. Indeed our appetites suggest that we dine first and work afterwards. But while Xavier is restoring the fireplace and frying some pork, the rest of us can be doing something. "So all hands to work ; bring along the tent." And soon its white walls are glistening in the sunlight, while a diminutive Union Jack waves merrily from the ridgepole. A dry recess is found under the cliff in which to stow our ammunition ; it doesn't do to be fussing around a camp-fire with a powder-flask hanging to your waist. Near the same spot a stand is provided for our guns and fishing-tackle; there is no necessity to have loaded firearms standing around promiscuously, to fall down and send a charge of buckshot into some one's legs. A vigorous use of hatchet and jack-knife covers the floor of the tent a foot thick with cedar twigs; each man's blanket is rolled up at the head of his sleeping place; and we turn out to see how dinner is progressing.

Unfortunately we have not taken any game this morning; it would have been remarkable if we had, considering the noise we made and the speed we travelled. So there is nothing to do but to fall back upon the old diet. But it is surprising how palatable even salt pork may be, after such a morning's exercise in

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such a locality. Dinner is ready, and the attack commences. There is very little ceremony in the woods, so down we squat on the rocks and grass, stowing our legs away as best we can, some even stretching themselves at full length. We have no crockery, no table napkins, no cruet-stand, nothing but the bare sinews of war without any garnishing. Each man receives a tough shanty biscuit, about an inch thick, topped by a good-sized piece of fried pork, which constitutes his meal.

Grasping the biscuit firmly with both hands he hits it a bang on the heel of his boot, breaking it into several pieces, his jack-knife severs the pork into suitable portions, and so the meal proceeds. Apropos to this description will be the account of an incident which occurred during a journey on the Upper Ottawa. Quite a party of us were travelling together, and were driven by a storm of wind and rain to the shelter of a rocky island. It was too wet to make a fire, so we had to get up our muscle on biscuit alone. There was an old man in the party, whose teeth were so bad that he could not get along with the hard tack. However, necessity is the mother of invention. The rain had formed little pools of water on the uneven surface of the rock. Our aged friend placed his biscuit in one of these hollows, pounded it to pulp with a stick, and out of that primitive porridge-bowl, ate his meal with apparent relish. One must spend a few weeks in the backwoods to learn how few are the actual necessaries of life.

Dinner over, we take to the canoe once more and spend several hours raking the surface of that lake with every kind of hook and spoon that have as yet been invented; but concerning our success, it is only necessary to say that we catch nothing—absolutely nothing. We are as innocent of fish as we are of high treason; and, with every unsuccessful turn we make, our disappointment and wrath increase until at last we decide to give it up and go home to the camp to have it out with Xavier.

Zeno declared it was the greatest imposition of the nineteenth century. "To think of him dragging us past those lakes alive with fish, to this place, where there hasn't been a fish since the deluge! A very fine lake to look at, but that will be a poor satisfaction when the pork gives out." So saying he advanced, with indignant strides, in the direction of the camp.

The arch-impostor was lying, stretched at his ease, on the grassy slope, with the blue smoke of his *tabac* curling in picturesque wreaths about his head, while the dog lay sleeping at his feet. On seeing us return empty-handed an amused expression stole over his countenance, which deepened into a grim smile as he listened to our tale of woe; and the only consolation he had to offer was the opinion, expressed in the most polite French, that we did not know how to fish.

This was adding insult to injury. For a man to invest his money in an elegant forty-foot pole, all aglitter with rattling reel and brass ferrules, besides an extensive assortment of trolling tackle, and then to

be told that he does not know how to fish; it was more than human nature could bear. Our wrath was considerably mollified when he condescended to explain that the finny denizens of this lake were somewhat different from all the rest of their species, and require to be captured by a method peculiar to themselves.

This was satisfactory, although we had supposed that we understood the habits of very nearly every fish that existed in Canadian waters. Zeno, especially, is heard wondering what kind of fish that can be that he does not know how to catch. We shall probably get some light on the matter very soon, for the Frenchman rises from the earth and promises to have some fish for us in time for tea.

A flock of wild ducks had been visible all the afternoon, and now Zeno and the Professor take their artillery and start off in the boat to have a pop at them, leaving Xavier and I to try our skill once more upon the trout.

I have been privately admonished to keep very close to Xavier and observe him closely, to detect, if I can, the art of capturing those mysterious fish; and you may be sure that not a movement of the wily Frenchman escapes my watchful eye.

We take our seats in the canoe and paddle swiftly across the broad lagoon, threading a number of channels, till we reach a distant part of the lake, where we pause, while my companion carefully scrutinizes our surroundings to select the scene of operations. He

finally selects a broad channel running north and south between an island and the mainland. The sun is so far westward, and the cliffs on the island are high enough to throw a shade over the whole of the channel. Here I discover the first point to be observed. We had fished mainly in the sunlight, and without success; but our more experienced sportsman has selected a spot where the shade is so dense that the water is as dark as night. Now for the fish. I observe that he discards the large spoon with the flaring red tassel that we had been towing about all the afternoon, and puts on the smallest spoon we have, without any tassel at all. Next, to my surprise, he fastens on a piece of lead heavy enough to sink it to a considerable depth. Whoever heard of trolling with a sinker? The whole concern is then gently placed in the water; the canoe is put into rapid motion until about two hundred feet of line have been paid out; and then, with measured strokes, so gently and smoothly made that scarcely a ripple is left on the water, we glide silently and stealthily along.

I had been lying in the stern of the canoe taking in every movement and making a mental inventory of every part of the process, and I now began to see the philosophy of it all.

If so much caution and stealth were required, and such deep-laid schemes were needed, no wonder we had caught nothing. Now there was no ringing laughter to alarm the fish, no shadow of the canoe sweeping along, no splashing of the paddle. Xavier

had discarded the new white paddle we had been using, and was wielding a small light one painted green, making his strokes so carefully and cautiously that not a sound was heard. The great spinning spoon that we had dragged along the top of the water, flashing in the sunlight, was more likely to scare the fish than attract them. Xavier observed that it might do for the pike in the next lake, but was useless for catching trout. Now there was a glittering speck deep down in the dark water that was likely to excite the curiosity of any trout within sight.

It is not long until there comes a tug at the line, and, simultaneously, a splash in the water about two hundred feet astern. Xavier quietly lays the paddle across the canoe and steadily draws in the line hand over hand. The prey is a trout weighing between three and four pounds. This is repeated several times during an hour and a half, until we have captured five glittering fish, weighing from one pound to three pounds and a half. Then, with the remark that this will do for supper, Xavier winds up his line and starts for home. Our friends have not yet returned, and, from an occasional report of their guns, we learn that they are still on the war-path. So we both go to work, Xavier to get supper ready, and I to collect a heap of wood for the evening fire.

Now it is time to give the reader a better idea of the situation of our camp. We have called the lake, with its numerous islands, a natural Venice, and, to carry out the analogy, the broad sheet of water in

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front of our camp might be styled the Grand Canal, for it was the broadest strip of open water in the whole lake. On the north side it was walled in by an immense cliff, rising to the height of two hundred feet, its summit fringed with spruce and cedar, while its base was washed by the waves of the lake. At one point it fell back a considerable distance from the water's edge, leaving a sloping plane, which was covered by a grove of lofty pine trees. This was the spot we had chosen to be our temporary headquarters during our sojourn in the wilderness. Among the straight, smooth stems of the pines could be seen the white walls of our tent, while the smoke of our campfire curled lazily upwards through the pine tops.

Right and left of us stretched the unscalable cliff, while to the rear the ground sloped until it terminated in a kind of ravine, down which there came pouring a mountain rivulet, which furnished us with a plentiful supply of cold, clear water. So steep, and so close to the water were the cliffs on either hand, that our stronghold was only accessible by the lake; so that when our boat and canoe were home, being the only craft on the lake, we were entirely cut off from the outer world. It was as romantic and picturesque a situation as can very well be imagined. And then our view in every direction fully harmonized with the spirit of our surroundings. But I have already dealt very largely in description, and will not attempt anything further in that line.

Now the sun has gone down, the shadows are gath-

IN CAMP.

ering on the face of the lake, and our friends have not yet put in their appearance. If they wait until dark they will have trouble to find their way back through this watery wilderness.

Xavier has been employing himself with knife and hatchet constructing a number of articles that will be both useful and necessary in our camp life. I have collected a good-sized heap of wood for the evening blaze, and now, as there seems to be nothing more to do till supper, we sit comparing notes of past experience until the last gleam of sunlight has faded from the sky and the gloom of the pine wood lies black on the water. And still they come not. It is evident by this time that they are lost. So, to give them a clue to our whereabouts, I take up a gun and send a shot ringing out into the still night air; but the report rattles and echoes among the crags in such a manner that it is a very uncertain guide as to direction. The flash might lead them home if they could but see it. but the report might as well be underground.

One hope remains: the bonfire. I will start a blaze that will illuminate the whole of the lake.

"Ye stars, behind your veil of clouds retire, For we will kindle on the earth this night, To drown your rays, a cheerful fire."

Oh! the joy of a bonfire! Ever since I wore knickerbockers, and burnt out my pockets with firecrackers on the fifth of November, my highest delight has been a roaring blaze; and there is considerable of the

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boy about me yet. A camp never seems to me to be complete until the fire is lighted. In a few seconds the pile is kindled, and, fed by the resinous gum of the pine, the flame leaps and roars, sending a ruddy gleam across the lagoon, and for a long distance around turning night into day.

"There, Xavier!" I shout triumphantly. "Clap on the frying-pan and kettle. That will bring them home in short order, and with hungry stomachs enough, I'll be bound."

I had scarcely uttered the words when a shout came pealing from the distance. At least I assumed it to be a shout; but really the echo of this region plays such pranks with every sound that a man can never be sure what he hears. But, by listening very attentively, I manage to distinguish the voices of our erratic comrades, roaring in unison, "Ahoy! ahoy!"

So, making a trumpet of my hands, I threw the whole strength of my lungs into a yell that would have scared a Mohawk, and really I was almost scared myself at the result. It is a novel effect to have your voice taken up by the invisible spirit of the hills and carried from crag to crag until you seem to hear yourself bellowing a mile away; and on a dark night it is certainly confusing, to say the least.

After this responsive exercise had been carried through a couple of bars I could distinctly hear the splash of oars and the rattle of row-locks, and soon the sparkle of water in the firelight told me that they were crossing the Grand Canal and would shortly be

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with us. So, to give them a right royal welcome home, I threw into the fire a quantity of pine gum which I had in reserve for a supreme effort, and the effect may be simply described as sublime. On they came, through the fire-lit water, propelling the unwieldly craft with all their might, and singing "Home, sweet home," slightly altered to suit the occasion. As the boat grated on the beach, Xavier and I were there to greet them.

"Welcome home, old boys; thought you were lost." "So we were. We got in the rushes after those wretched ducks, and didn't get out until after sundown; and we've rowed that miserable old tub miles among those islands, until we decided that the lake had no end to it. Why didn't you light that fire sooner?"

"I wanted the fire for the night. But I fired a gun. Did you not hear it?"

. "Yes, we heard it; but it might as well have been fired from the moon for all the good it did."

"Well, what about those ducks; have you got any?" "Ducks!" roared Zeno in a wrathful tone; "don't mention ducks to me for a month, if you value my sanity."

"Why, how is this, Professor? You are a crack shot."

The Professor shrugged his shoulders in an expressive manner, and replied: "Those are certainly the most extraordinary ducks I ever saw."

"The ducks are bewitched," muttered Zeno, as he picked up his gun and started for the camp.

"What's for supper, Xavier? Did you get any fish?"

"Oui, Monsieur, beaucoup." And certainly the odor that mingled with the night air corroborated his statement.

Xavier's kitchen was an establishment by itself. He had been busy all day fitting it up to his liking, and preparing its furnishings in an ingenious though primitive style. The frying-pan was on the fire, filled with savory portions of fried fish; while on a dish of birch bark near by there was piled a fresh supply, ready to be cooked while the first spread was being dispatched.

"Well, you have been more successful than we have," remarked the Professor. "These are unmistakably trout."

As our friend Zeno came into the firelight the reason of his great discomfort became apparent. He was drenched to the skin, his clothes were covered with a thick coating of mud; and, as the night was very chilly, he was in a state that would have tried the patience of a much milder man. Evidently he must be dried and warmed before he will resume his accustomed good humour. Not having an extra suit of clothes nearer than the castle, he is under the necessity of extemporizing a costume out of the blankets; we arrange a couch for him, where his chilled body will get the benefit of the fire, seat our-

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selves right and left of him, and call upon our faithful attendant to "bring on the hash."

Xavier has manufactured some plates out of birchbark, so we are now able to dine in a much more respectable manner; and, as fried trout is voted to be a grand improvement upon salt pork, we have no reason to be dissatisfied with the situation.

Xavier trots back and forth with fish, biscuit, and tea till every man is fully supplied; and then, heaving a log or two on the fire, goes back to the kitchen to prepare a second consignment.

He certainly will have to hurry about it: if one can judge by the flash of the jack-knives, and the vigorous working of three pairs of jaws, he will soon hear the cry of "Encore! encore!"

"Oh, but he is equal to the occasion !" "What a jewel of a cook !" "What a merry sizzle that fryingpan has !" "So soothing to the nerves of a hungry man !" "Was there ever anything so delectable as the aroma of that fried trout ?" And in the same strain we might ask : Was there ever a more picturesque group than we presented on that occasion? Take in the whole scene, with the gloom of the forest for a background, the flashing, firelit surface of the lake for the foreground. The firelight playing on the straight, tall pines, the walls of the tent and the face of the cliff. For a centre piece, we three jovial manikins, two sitting cross-legged, the third lying at full length swathed in blankets, and all three munching away for dear life. Take in the whole scene and you

have a comical mixture of the sublime and the ridiculous.

Oh, but we had a glorious time that evening ! How the fish and biscuit vanished it was difficult to describe. Xavier was kept as busy as though he were waiter in a first-class Parisian hotel; before his duties were over he had tramped quite a beaten path from the kitchen and back.

What merry peals of laughter broke the stillness of the night! What a stream of wit and humor flowed incessantly. Under the soothing influence of warmth, within and without, our friend in the blankets recovered his usual equanimity, and was able to take his part in the flow of conversation.

"After all, we have not done so badly for the first day," observes the Professor. "Partridge for breakfast, and trout for supper."

"And duck for breakfast to-morrow," I add maliciously.

"See here, young man, none of your sarcasm." This from Zeno.

"What about those ducks, Zeno? They must have led you quite a dance, judging by the mess you were in."

This inquiry led, of course, to an account of their afternoon's adventures, related by either of them alternately; and which resulted in much laughter on both sides.

"I am surprised that you did not bag a duck, though, Professor—a man of your skill as a shot."

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"Oh, indeed! I had enough to do to act as guardian spirit to this wild youth. He would persist in following those ducks wherever they felt disposed to lead us, and I can assure you they led us into some queer places. But, to crown all, he got overboard into the mud, and it is a mercy he is not sticking there yet."

"How did that happen, Zeno?"

"It was in that vile bed of rushes. You see we could not use the oars, so I was standing up in the stern, poling the crazy old thing along, when I pulled myself into the mud."

"You mean you pulled yourself out of the mud?"

"No, I don't; so there is no blunder for you to grin at. The pole stuck fast, and the boat went on; and, as I did not know enough to let go, I found myself up to my eyes in the mud. I was never so near getting a dog's death in my life. Had not the Professor quickly backed up the boat and lifted me out by the hair of the head, this campaign would have come to a conclusion, so far as I am concerned."

It was rather serious that our first day should come so nearly closing with a tragedy, and a great cause for thankfulness that the calamity had been so timely averted.

The conversation became more serious as the time advanced; and our spirits reached a temper more in harmony with the spirit of our surroundings. The moon came up gloriously bright and clear, and invested the romantic scene with a new grandeur. Now, as the fire is getting low and we have used up all the wood

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within reach, we decide to turn in for the night. With the door of the tent closely drawn, and each man rolled in his blanket on his bed of twigs, rock, lake and forest, duck, partridge and trout are all forgotten in that deep dreamless slumber which is only born of health and weariness.



CHAPTER V.

SHOWS HOW WE AMUSED OURSELVES.



UNRISE in the wilderness! To the contemplative mind of an ardent lover of nature, it is one of the most interesting spectacles it is our

privilege to witness in this fair world. That man is to be pitied whose sordid soul experiences no thrill of pleasure, as he watches the gradual rout of the shades of night before the advance of golden-hued morn. But on the morning following the events narrated in the last chapter, the glories of the sunrise were lost upon the little camp under the pines; for there was no sign of life until the sun had been up for several hours.

The first of the party to stir was Xavier, who crawled out of his wigwam under the cliff, followed by the dog who had been sharing his quarters. After a few preliminary yawns and winks he proceeded to light, first his pipe, and then the fire.

In the tent all was quiet as yet. We were sleeping in a manner which was a strong recommendation for

cedar twigs as a cure for insomnia. I was very soon aroused by some one shaking the door of the tent, and the words, "Pardonnez, Monsieur." Looking up I discovered the brown visage of Xavier peering in. He muttered something which I interpreted to mean that this was a good time to be fishing.

"Do you hear that, Zeno?"

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"Ducks be smothered," muttered that individual in his sleep, evidently with the events of yesterday fresh in his mind. The laugh I gave roused him entirely, and provoked the retort : "What are you giggling at so early in the morning ?"

When the whole party was aroused I mentioned the fish, and related what I had learned yesterday concerning their capture. Among other things, that the fish were unusually active whenever any change had taken place on the surface of the water, either when it was first touched by the sunlight, or when the shadows of the cliffs began to broaden. So that, as Xavier had observed, this was a good time to be fishing.

But there was not a great deal of enthusiasm among us this morning; so Xavier was directed to open a can of meat, and leave the fish in peace for the present. In the meantime we would take a swim while breakfast was getting ready.

We were conveniently situated for bathing. We had only to disrobe in the tent and march *in puris naturis* to the water's edge, to paddle the boat out to about twenty feet of clear limpid water, and then

jump overboard to kick, splash, dive, or swim, to our heart's content.

Oh, the delights of bathing ! To crouch for a moment at the stern of the boat, with outstretched hands; to take the header and begone, like the vanished dream of youth.

Oh! there is joy in a vigorous plunge on a warm summer's day; to strike the water like a leaden plummet, and disappear with hardly a splash; then to emerge ten feet away, to dash the wet hair from one's eves, and lay out with vigorous stroke at full length of arm and limb. There is life and health in a lusty swim, when the grasp of the limpid water feels like the embrace of an old familiar friend, and when the rippling wavelets lave one's cheek with a touch as gentle as a mother's kiss, as you breast the water, rising and falling with stroke after stroke; now on your side, with your arms thrown out in advance, churning the water like a small steam-tug; now on your back, with your hands on your hips and your face upturned to the blue sky; occasionally, in the sheer exuberance of delight, giving vent to a whoop which rouses the echoes and scares a flock of ducks a mile away. Keep it up till laboring lungs and weary limbs impel you back to the boat, when you find that you have scarcely strength left to climb on board. Oh, it is the very elixir of life! So we must have found it that morning; for the antics that were played by us three human porpoises would have been highly diverting had there been any spectators. After taking our fill

of watery joys, we returned to the beach and made a hearty breakfast of corned-beef, biscuit, and tea.

Another long summer's day was at our disposal, and amid the numerous joys of this paradise it remained for us to decide how the day should be spent. There was one thing certain ; we had our living to get, and whatever operation we select, it must be with a view to the replenishing of our larder.

Before we had come to any conclusion, we heard distinctly the sharp, clear crack of a gun, followed by a rattling and rumbling among the hills that sounded like thunder.

"That's the Captain's signal. Hurrah! Xavier."

Remembering there were three in the party, with probably considerable baggage, we decided to take the boat with all hands on board and give them a hearty reception.

We had not expected them with us so soon; but the more the merrier, and perhaps our sporting attempts will be the more successful under such an experienced guide as the Captain.

So we swing the old ark into the water with a splash, scramble hastily on board, and away she goes before a lusty tamarack breeze; Zeno and Xavier plying the sweeps, the Professor and myself pegging away with the bow and stern paddles.

"Hurrah ! my merry boys. Send her along."

"Allez! Allez! mes garçons," roars Xavier, and accordingly she did go. At every stroke her broad bow strikes the water with a thump which scatters

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the spray right and left, and threatens to stave in her crazy bottom. In a few minutes we land on the gravelly beach where the Captain and his party are awaiting our arrival.

"Hurrah, Captain! Hurrah! Narcisse, Nick'las. Welcome, all of you."

"But what a pile of baggage; sakes alive, Captain, what are you going to do with all that?"

There was just such an assortment of miscellaneous articles as a foraging party might collect in a successful raid on some lonely village. A bag of potatoes, a bag of biscuit, green corn, eggs, butter, a can of fat for frying; cans of corned beef, salt pork, and a pair of chickens. Where in the world did he get them? The Captain evidently hasn't much faith in our sporting skill. But it is possible that even game and fish would prove a monotonous diet without any change, so perhaps it is well to have a variety. Anyhow, heave them on board and let us get back.

By the time all our stores are shipped, and our little army of seven is embarked, we discover that the cranky old craft is afloat by a very small majority. She is so low in the water as to require very careful handling; and besides, she leaks so badly in several places as to necessitate some pretty lively baling. However, she holds her own long enough to land us in safety at our camp, and that is what is required.

"Well, Captain, what do you think of our choice of a situation?" This was, of course, the first question after landing. "Oh, it's the old ground; everybody puts up here! Lawyer Blank and Judge Dash, of Montreal, hung out here a month ago. It is a very good place for a camp, but a poor place to fish."

Just what we expected to hear. And then, of course, there came that old threadbare yarn about that shadowy individual who pitched his tent in some unknown part of the lake, who got up one morning when daylight was coming over the horizon; who cast his line into the still water, just as the ripples were kissed by the earliest sunbeams, and caught a fish nearly as large as himself. But we had, by this time, got accustomed to that old story, and reminded the Captain that what we wanted was a good place for a camp; as for the fish, we could very easily take the canoe and go where they were. So the question of location was settled *nem. dis.* It was then proposed that we should proceed to the "Narrows," and try the fly for the small trout.

The "Narrows" was a spot at the outlet of the lake where the speckled trout were said to be abundant; and, as the proposal was agreed to, we proceeded thither at once.

Fly-fishing is the climax of the piscatorial art. It holds the same relation to ordinary fishing that fineart painting holds to white-washing. Let no amateur attempt to flourish the airy fly until he has honestly worked his way up through all the lower branches of his craft. But, after having angled and trolled until the requisite quickness of sight, fineness of touch, and delicacy of step are fully developed, then let him advance and try his skill with the hair line and gossamer.

Now he will discover some of the possibilities of the art. It is one thing to drag up fish by main force, flapping and struggling, from the bottom of the river; it is another thing to catch them on the wing, as it were, to entice them from their native element by an almost invisible line; and that is fly-fishing.

Given a fine clear day, just late enough in the season to be free from flies and mosquitoes, and there is scarcely any outdoor sport that will yield as much genuine pleasure as fly-fishing, if one is only sufficiently familiar with the art.

Imagine us, then, with a bran new rod, all aglitter and aglow, with a reel that works as freely as telegraph, making our way to the margin of the stream where the clustering birches cheat the sunbeams and make that deep shade which the trout love so well. Easily now; if ever you needed all the faculties of mind and body, this is the time. Line, fly, reel, everything is in good order; now advance with a step like velvet, an eye like a lynx, a muscle like a steel-trap, and an ear like a newspaper reporter. Don't get too near, the farther you can keep away the better; your shadow must not fall on the water. Let your imitation gadfly sail out with as natural a flight as possible; give it a few turns in the air, and drop it suddenly. Not a clumsy flop, dragging several inches of the line into the water but a neat fall, as though the

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catastrophe had happened to the insect in the natural course of events. Now let it drift about as though blown by the wind; it seems actually to spin and struggle as though alive; only for the line attached we would be deceived ourselves. A little below that last ripple there is a fish, if we mistake not, and we will have that fish if we follow him to Je——rusalem! There he is, hard and fast!

Ha! ha! my beauty, like many another fish, after a life of dalliance, you are hooked at last. No use, my gay deceiver, your career is ended; the best you can do is to close it with *eclât*.

Skir-r-r-r! goes the reel; the cheeriest sound that ever broke the stillness of a mountain stream. Away goes our fish; give him the reel, or the line will snap like a cobweb. But not too slack; hold him in check and follow after. No need for stealth now, but skill and coolness. Keep him out of those jagged rocks or he is lost; give that snag a wide berth; now he is resting, wind in the slack. There he goes again; give him the reel. Skir-r-r-r! Never mind, you've got three hundred fect of line, and he can take all he wants. Don't get excited, it won't last long. Here's your chance; run him into that land-locked bay, and he will have scarcely water enough to splash in. Cleverly done. Now he is yours. Lay him out on the grass and make a mental estimate of his weight.

Such is fly-fishing, the prince of outdoor sports.

We had no great excitement on the present occasion as our prey were all of a very small kind. We suc-

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ceeded in landing a couple of dozen speckled trout, and might have taken a great many more, only that we would have had no use for them. We were not fishing for the mere purpose of destroying life, but only to supply our larder and keep the flame of life burning; and, when once our needs were met, we were not under the necessity to ruthlessly slaughter any of the creatures God has made. So, having taken what we considered sufficient for our present necessities, we gave ourselves up to the enjoyment of the romantic situation, without harassing either bird, beast, or fish. We tested the acoustic properties of a varied assortment of echoes. We explored a long chasm between two rocks which was dignified by the name of the Devil's Tunnel. We looked over a number of islands and took lessons in geology from their stratified borders. To crown all, we took another swim in the invitingly clear water. It was really difficult to keep out of that lake, so heated was the air and so enticing the water; so we were into it again.

We mention this matter particularly on account of a little excitement which occurred at the close.

I was the first to emerge from the glittering wave, and, dripping like a naiad, was proceeding, with tottering steps, over the rough rocks to where we had left our clothes. After a few preliminary shakes, I reached out for—the garment that goes on first; and, lifting it up, dislodged a big black snake that had coiled itself up on top of my clothes. Now, if there is anything in the universe I abominate, it is a snake. I abhor

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the whole race of them, from the Old Serpent down; and the unexpected sight of one so near me, almost in my hand, produced a most astonishing effect. I gave a howl of terror, leaped about six feet sideways, lit on a wet rock, and came down with a thump that made my teeth chatter. The Professor had just lifted his eyes above the water, after a dive, in time to witness my astonishing caper. He turned upon me a mild, wondering glance; but, at the same time, catching sight of the scaly reptile gliding down the rocks toward him, he uttered a shriek which was fully equal to mine, and threw himself into a posture of defence as though he expected to be attacked by an ichthyosaurus, or a crocodile, at the very least. The reptile took to the water with a readiness which showed it to be its native element, and went gliding along the coast with a wavy, sinuous motion, its hideous head just raised above the water, with its long, snaky body trailing after. By this time, having got my courage up to the sticking point, I seized a paddle and sprang in pursuit, calling out : " Come ! Zeno, Captain, to the front-head him off!" Each man seized a club of some kind and gave chase. His snakeship was headed off into shallow water, and there we surrounded him. He made a brave fight for life; darting here and there, keeping us jumping about right and left, dealing out blows whenever he came within reach. Whack, smash, slap, splash went the clubs and sticks until the water was stirred up so that he was no longer visible. Then came an anxious time while we waited for his reap-

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pearance. Imagining we felt his scaly body gliding round our legs caused us to prance and caper in a most energetic manner. At last he floated to the surface, belly up, and was dragged ashore and found to measure five feet long, and five inches in circumference.

Zeno raised him on the blade of a paddle, and sent him flying through the air about fifty yards into the lake, to feed the fishes, and that was all the funeral we gave him. Why we should have killed him at all I can't imagine. But there seems to be in human nature an unconquerable aversion to the whole serpent species, and in some this aversion is so strong that the very sight of a reptile produces a shuddering horror which they cannot shake off. It would give us great pleasure to exterminate the whole race of them, the nasty, wriggling, crawling, slimy, scaly vermin ! Waugh !



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CHAPTER VI.

DUCK-HUNTING EXTRAORDINARY.



E have given such a detailed account of our camp life thus far that by this time the reader will have a pretty good idea how we spent our time; and for the future we will

confine our attention to matters of more than ordinary interest.

One of these matters, and not by any means the least interesting of them, was duck-hunting. A person may generally expect a reasonable amount of amusement when he goes in pursuit of the sportive duck, and our experience proved no exception to the rule. Our friend Zeno, after a somewhat brilliant career with the rod and fly, rapidly regained his ambition in the line of duck shooting. Day after day, as we roamed about the islands, those ducks could be distinctly seen, either flying through the air or diving and sporting on the surface of the water; and with all the glittering trophies he drew from the sparkling lake, poor Zeno refused to be comforted while the derisive

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quacking of those ducks resounded in his ears night and morning. He and the Captain tried their skill, and for a whole day pursued those long-suffering birds with relentless perseverance. They returned late in the evening, wet, muddy, tired and hungry, and, alas ! to relate, never a duck to show for their trouble. The Captain explained their want of success by the fact that the ducks had been so repeatedly fired at that it was impossible to get within range of them, for they were as wild as hawks. Zeno was rather gratified than otherwise, as the breakdown of such an old sport as the Captain tended rather to clear his own reputation in the matter of the previous failure.

Matters were getting serious; and it was unanimously agreed that the time had come to strike a decisive blow for the honor of the camp.

We held a council of war that evening by the light of the pine knot, and the conclusion we came to was that we should advance the entire line for a general attack. Accordingly, word was passed to Xavier to be on foot at first peep of dawn and have a day's rations put up. We saw very little of Narcisse and Old Nick, they being absent most of the time on business for their employer. It subsequently transpired that they had been engaged on some secret service in our interest, the nature of which will be revealed hereafter.

Next morning the whole garrison was astir bright and early. There was a grand filling of powder flasks and shot belts, and looking up of artillery in preparation for a general *coup de etat*.

It was not much more than broad daylight when we embarked; each man carrying ammunition and provisions for the day. The cliffs on every hand were lighted up with the dawning beams; but the chilly mists of night still hovered around the islands, as we proceeded slowly to the seat of action, taking with us both the boat and canoe in order to be prepared for any emergency. Arrived in the vicinity of the ducks, the flotilla was quietly moored by the side of an island, while the Captain and I ascended to the top of the rocks to take in the situation and formulate some plan of procedure. The sun by this time was high enough to light up that part of the lake we wished to explore, a brief survey of which revealed the reason of our previous failure. The ducks had chosen their lair with a penetration which showed very plainly that they were up to the dark ways of man. It was a long, broad field of water, entirely surrounded by beds of rushes, and so formed that we would no sooner enter the field than we would be at once perceived. The banks of this lagoon were formed of soft mud, so there was no possibility of attacking them by land. There was nothing to do but to advance boldly in, when the ducks would immediately retreat, keeping just out of gunshot; if hard pressed they would take to the rushes or glide down one of those side channels into another pond, and by the time we could sight them again they would be rushing back into the lagoon. This kind of wild-goose chase might be kept up all day, or, for that matter, for a whole week, without the slightest chance

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of success; the Captain was aware of all this from hard toilsome experience. Another plan was to conceal ourselves in one of the side passages and trust to luck for the ducks coming within reach; or to make our way from channel to channel in hope of getting within gunshot. But so wary and cautious has long experience made the ducks, that neither of these schemes offer much hopes of success.

Not having any decoys with us, there remained nothing to be done but to plant an ambush and endeavor to drive the ducks into it. This was the plan we decided on—and now to carry it out. With the aid of a field-glass we could distinctly see our expected prey sunning themselves on a low bank on the south side of the farther end of the lagoon. It was evident, then, that our ambush must be placed up this way, while the rest of the party endeavored to get beyond the ducks and drive them along. At this end the pond narrowed to an opening not more than half a gunshot across. Here would be a splendid place to plant our ambush; and if we can only succeed in driving the ducks this far, the day is ours.

It was worth trying, at any rate; so we deposit Xavier.on one side of the strait, the Professor on the other, while the rest of us make our way down the lagoon. At a respectful distance from the enemy we turn down a creek into the rushes and endeavor to force our way along the narrow, intricate passages until we can outflank them.

Then came the tug of war. The Captain was lead-

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ing in the canoe, while Zeno and I did our best to follow with the lumbering punt. It was heavy work. Sometimes in a place where the canoe would pass with ease the boat would stick fast; the Captain would have to come to the rescue, and it required a great deal of pulling, hauling, and poling, to force the old thing along. At the same time we had to work in perfect silence, lest a vigilant foe should discover our plot and take the alarm. And it favored us immensely when a slight breeze sprang up and rustled the leaves in a manner which effectually drowned any noise we might make. At every passage we passed leading to the main channel, the Captain would proceed cautiously to reconnoitre and report our progress. At last we reached a bay where the lagoon seemed suddenly to terminate, and after a careful scrutiny the Captain informed us that we had passed the ducks by at least a hundred yards. This was good news; everything was blooming; now we prepared for the attack. A quantity of reeds and rushes were gathered and spread over the boat so that the hull was entirely covered, and green bushes were arranged so as to effectually conceal the fighting crew. Just here another question demanded consideration. Suppose, when this disguised affair should come sweeping along, the ducks, not liking the appearance of things, instead of passing up the pond, should endeavor to escape down one of those side channels, would not all our plotting and scheming be in vain?

Our ready Captain had foreseen the difficulty and

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prepared for it. Zeno and I were to take the boat and keep the ducks as near as possible the south shore; while he would take the canoe and meet them at every channel if they should attempt to escape that way. Everything seemed favorable to the success of our enterprise; even the wind was in our favor, and would carry us gently along, leaving us nothing to do but to steer the concern.

When all was ready, forth we sallied. A vigorous push from the Captain sent us well out into the pond, where we caught the breeze and began to move slowly toward the unsuspecting water-fowl. It is doubtful if such a nondescript appearance as we presented was ever before seen in those waters. Zeno lay in the bow, completely covered with rushes, with the muzzle of his gun pointing ahead like a bowsprit; I had to admonish him to draw it in, lest the ducks should recognize it and make off too quickly. I sat in the stern, steering the boat, so embowered with spruce bows that I was scarcely sure of my own identity. Now all eyes to the front to watch the success of our ruse.

There on a low, flat bank scarcely rising above the water, is a large flock of ducks, and we are moving slowly but surely toward them. So complete is our disguise that for some time they pay no attention to us, and we begin to fear that our scheme will only prove too successful. At length as our suspiciouslooking craft draws near, there is a decided commotion among them; toilet is abandoned; mud grubbing is laid aside; while all energies are bent to the scrutiny

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of the approaching unnatural phenomenon. In the foreground, nearest to the water's edge, there posts a handsome bird of the masculine persuasion, which seems to be officiating as outside guard; for it is his warning voice that gives the first intimation of something unusual on foot. Judging from his appearance and bearing, he must be a bird of importance, probably the Nestor of the flock; a venerable drake whose opinion carries weight in the aquatic community. The uncommon occurrence of such a thing as an island breaking loose from its moorings, and starting off on a career of its own, appears to him decidedly irregular and highly reprehensible. So he loudly quacks his disapproval, emphasizing his remarks with some energetic bobbings of his wise old head, and some expressive waggles of his curly tail. The conclusion he came to was, that floating islands had better be avoided until you know more about them. So he took to the water, followed by the entire flock; and away they went, huddling close together, and looking back over their shoulders in a manner expressive of the greatest curiosity and amazement. They were not alarmed, but only suspicious, which was quite sufficient for our purpose if it only lasted long enough.

Now that we had them fairly before the wind, there was nothing to do but to steer as quietly as possible, and glide noiselessly along until we drew them within reach of our concealed comrades, and then, with concentrated fire, to retrieve the disasters of the past and furnish our pantry with duck enough for a week. So

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with almost imperceptible motion the mysterious island crept along. As we passed one of the side channels they made a movement as though about to seek shelter in that direction, but evidently discovered something down there more alarming than a floating heap of bulrushes, for they came out more quickly than they went in; this assured us that our vigilant Captain . was on the *qui vive* and keeping well abreast; so that our final success seemed now certain.

How friend Zeno managed to keep quiet all this time with a score of fat ducks under the muzzle of his gun, is a most surprising thing; the self-control which he manifested on that trying occasion bodes well for his final reformation.

He ventured once to relieve his feelings by drawing back the rushes and revealing a visage which was positively crimson in the effort he was making to subdue his emotions. Not daring to utter a word, he favored me with a wink and a grimace that spoke volumes.

Now an explanation is required concerning the state of affairs at the other end of the lake. We have mentioned the narrow outlet where we had posted our reserve; it is to be hoped their patience is not yet exhausted; but by this time they have us well in sight and can amuse themselves by watching the progress of events. At this end the lagoon suddenly narrowed, after the fashion of the Mediterranean where it connects with the Atlantic. On the north side of the outlet was a bold rock, bearing some resemblance to Gibraltar.

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Here we had posted the Professor, armed with a doublebarrelled, long-range duck shooter; and we had an occasional glimpse of his head as he peered over his breastwork to watch our advance. On the other side the Pillar of Hercules, so to speak, there crouched the active Xavier. Now, to carry out the analogy, there was a flat rocky island, considerably to the east of them, which we decided to name Malta. Here is where we met with the first hitch in our arrangements. As we came sweeping along the Mediterranean, with the hostile squadron in full retreat, they put into Malta for shelter, and manifested a decided intention of proceeding no farther without first knowing the reason. As we drew near, they very prudently withdrew to the far side of the rock; and, thinking they might dodge us round the island and get away, I brought the craft to a halt and held a whispered consultation with my second in command. As might be expected, he was for advancing at all hazards. But as that would have the effect of scattering the ducks, and perhaps losing them, I hesitated. While we were lying there thinking over the matter, we noticed that the Gibraltar detachment was in motion, evidently contemplating an attack by land. The Professor had left his post and was crawling along the rocks to get within range. He reaches the point on the mainland nearest to the island, and there he plants his battery and opens fire, so to speak. It is a pretty long shot; but if any one can do it, it is the Professor. He works that gun to the utmost it is capable of, and the result is that

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several ducks are kicking on their backs, while the rest take to flight in a westerly direction. "Have we lost them?"

Not yet: Xavier springs to his feet; and long before they are within range the excited Frenchman blazes away and yells. It has the desired effect, however, for their course is suddenly changed to the south-east; and there among the rushes our Captain, in his canoe, lurks like a Barbary pirate on the watch for unwary mariners. A double shot scatters death among them and once more changes their course. Now in their panic they seem to have forgotten all about the mysterious foe, and are coming straight toward us. "Be propitious, oh ye fates! they will be right over our heads." "Here they are: 'up, guards, and at them !'" We spring to our feet. A rattling bang! bang! closes the fusilade, and for a moment it seemed to be raining ducks. One fat old fellow came down so direct that he hit friend Zeno plump in the middle of his blooming countenance. That was all we were able to do. We had brought down eleven altogether; and, as the survivors in their retreat crossed a cliff several hundred feet in height, we decided to abandon the pursuit for the present.

N. B.—Our losses were slight.

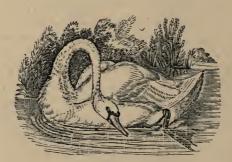
It was an impressive sight just after the battle to witness the reunion of the scattered forces.

Great historical events of this kind are generally immortalized by the divine art of the painter; as in the instance of the meeting of Wellington and Blucher

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after Waterloo. As no poet or painter will ever immortalize this great event, it rests for my feeble pen to describe the grand gathering of the victorious legions. And it was a scene to be remembered when the Captain paddled out of the bulrushes, taking on board the North African garrison, and joined the mustering forces at the base of Gibraltar.

Zeno and I got there as quickly as we could with our floating masquerade. Then, with our eleven ducks laid in a row before us, we sat down on the rocks and renewed the sinews of war with the contents of our pockets. That closed our duck-hunting for the day. Before dismissing the subject, we might observe that a little while after we discovered a lake several miles away, abounding with water fowl which were not nearly so shy. And at any time, by sending a detachment of two for a day, we could generally supply ourselves with duck enough to keep up the variety.



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CHAPTER VII.

NIMROD SEES A SPOOK.



NE striking feature of these northern forests is the extreme solitude that everywhere prevails, the death-like stillness that broods over lake

and mountain. In a tropical forest, we are told, day and night the air is filled with the clatter and din of animal life. How different here, where silence seems enthroned. Broken for a while by the report of one of our guns, there is a rumbling among the peaks and crags far and near, which gradually dies away, and silence which might be felt once more resumes its sway, until it is again disturbed in a similar manner. As we crossed and recrossed the extensive lake, and wound among the islands; or as we rambled over the mainland to distant lakes, and made long excursions among the woods and mountains, we discovered no trace of human beings besides ourselves. Ascending to the summits of lofty hills, we would survey vast expanses of wild landscape stretching on every hand to the far distant horizon; at one sweep

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the eye would take in stretches of dark pine woods, broken by towering crags, and intersected by rivers and lakes, but nowhere resting upon a single mark that betokened the presence of beings like ourselves. The country was, to all appearance, as bare of humanity as though man had never been created. It was to us as though the great seething, toiling masses of a sin-cursed race had passed away forever, and we alone were left in a world of solitude. It was a novel experience, to say the least of it, and gave rise to thoughts and emotions to the contemplative mind that are seldom experienced in the ordinary walks of life. Some might be disposed to consider it a privilege to step aside out of the rush of life, and have time and opportunity to think and meditate without the least danger of disturbance; and the reader will, perhaps, be surprised to hear that we have never found quiet seclusion to be any help to study and meditation, but quite the reverse. "As iron sharpeneth iron, so doth the countenance of a man his friend;" and we have always found the busy rush of earth's duties, the harsh jarring of the wheels of time, the din and commotion of the crowded city, to be far more stimulating to mental activity than the drowsy solitude of rural retirement. Your rustic philosopher is apt to be somewhat soporific.

As day after day and night after night wore away in this region of loneliness, our connection with the great busy world seemed to grow fainter and fainter, until its memory only lingered as a troubled dream. There were occasions when the solitude was certainly

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oppressive, to the most ardent lover of nature, and we discovered that the contemplation of nature's marvels was, in the long run, a poor substitute for all the pleasures of social life.

The feeling of loneliness was most oppressive at night, if one should happen to awake after the camp was at rest. Whenever this happened to myself it was quite a disaster, for I could seldom get to sleep again for a long time; the thoughts and feelings I have had during those trying occasions would fill quite a volume if they had been caught at the time. For hours together I have lain listening to the regular breathing of my slumbering comrades, and watching their prostrate forms in the hope that one of them would awake and bear me company. Wearied of this, I would slip back the door of the tent and look out on the moonlit surface of the lake, finding the burden of solitude increasing as I traced out the windings among the islands lit up by the silvery moonbeams. What glorious nights those were; the full-orbed and radiant moon sweeping through a cloudless sky, holding her silent watch over a silent world; so perfectly was her rounded form reflected in the depths of the silent lake that there seemed to be another moon threading her way among the islands. Was there ever such brilliant moonlight ?

"'Twas but the daylight sick."

Over the wild landscape was this flood of glory poured until the outlines of the cliffs were as plainly discernible as in broad day, and around the shadows

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of the islands was thrown a halo of silvery light. A picture to inspire the poet and the painter. But, oh ! the solitude. It was not in the least relieved by the silent fluttering of a bat, so near to the door that I distinctly felt the wind of its wings and just got a view of its hideous form. "Thou imp of darkness, fit shape to symbolize the presiding genius of this lonely place!"

A gentle breeze to stir the needles of the pine, to ripple the surface of the lake, or rustle the walls of the tent would have been a relief; even the hooting of the owl would have been a welcome sound as indicating the presence of some kind of life. But it was most oppressive to find oneself the only living and moving being in a world of silence.

Enough of this. Let me follow the examples of my comrades and seek the land of nod; perhaps in my dreams I shall meet with congenial souls who will help to lighten the burden of my loneliness. So I roll my blanket around me and take to the twigs to make one more effort to redeem the night. But all in vain. No more sleep for me; so let me compose myself to the situation. I will fold back the door of the tent and let in some moonlight; perhaps I shall not feel so lonely if I can see something besides the distorted images of my own disordered imagination. There, now, I can see you all, if that is any comfort. Captain, Zeno, Professor, are all lying in the order named; and across at the other side lies Xavier, who slept in the tent for two wet nights, and has continued the privilege ever since.

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Now let me give up sleep and have a think. Of all our wide realm of literature I can only think of one work that is at all apropos to the present situation, and that is a dreamy little work entitled "Zimmerman on Solitude," written, no doubt, in a back attic of some crowded city. If the drowsy old gentleman had experienced a few nights like this it would have given an additional emphasis to his rhapsodies. For our part, we are disposed to consider the whole thing a delusion and a snare. Our sentiments are more in harmony with those of that other individual who exclaimed so feelingly:

> "Oh ! solitude, where are the charms That sages have seen in thy face ?"

There is something almost weird about this silence; it is too intense to be natural. From the mere want of material to work up, the mind naturally produces its own, and peoples this fantastic region with fancies and figures of its own creation.

> "Look out through the radiance, so bold and so bright; Shine not, thou sweet moon, with so solemn a light. How lonesome ! how wild ! Yet the stillness is rife With the stir of the living— The spirit of life."

It was even so; the silence was positively suspicious. There is a striking incident recorded in one of Mr. Cooper's novels. A young scout had been sent to scrutinize what was supposed to be the lurking place

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of a party of hostile Indians. On his return he reported that all was quiet; but added that it was too quiet, he did not like such silence, it wasn't natural.

So it was on this occasion. Out of the intense silence there grew upon me the consciousness of a strange presence. What first occasioned it I knew not; but it gradually dawned upon me that some one or something was near. Spirit or mortal I knew not, but only that there was a mysterious presence. I must have been at that moment in the state of mind into which the dupes of spiritualism are brought, when they are expected to accept those wonderful manifestations from the spirit world; for I would have received almost any thing that could have been presented just then, as a relief from the insufferable solitude: so that, as I slowly opened my eyes, I was not much surprised or startled to see, strongly defined in the patch of moonlight on the opposite wall of the tent, the profile of a human face.

But whose? In a flash my mind took in all the difficulties that were against a bodily presence in that place. The unscalable cliff, the lake without a boat, the impassable ravine at the back; there was no possible way by which a human being could have invaded us in this manner. But there was the shadow, plainer than the nose on the faces of some men. My next thought was: "I am dreaming." No, I am lying on my back with my hands beneath my head; I can distinctly feel a twig sticking into my ribs. I am wide awake, staring with all my might at that inscrutable

shadow thrown by the moonlight on the wall of the— No, it is not there! Where did it go? It certainly was there, only for a moment, but in that moment I thought all that is written here and a great deal more. And now it is gone as quickly and as noiselessly as it came. I can feel the perspiration trickling from every part of my body, which is enough to convince me that something unusual has happened; so I reach over and shake my nearest bedfellow, whispering:

"Captain, there's a man in the camp."

"The d----!" said the Captain, starting to a sitting posture.

"No," said I, "I don't think it was him. Though I did not recognize the party."

"You must be dreaming, boy. There is not a man within twenty miles of us, and if there were he could not get here without wings."

"I have thought of all that, Captain, and still I positively declare that a man looked into the tent and left the shadow of his ugly phiz on that patch of moonlight."

The Captain here turned round and gave his neighbor a thump on the back, exclaiming:

"Zeno, wake up, old man; here's a pretty mess we are in. Nimrod says there's a man in the camp."

Zeno gave a lazy roll over, and slowly rose to his hands and knees, repeating in a dazed manner: "A man in the camp?"

When the seriousness of the situation had fairly dawned upon him, he sprang to his feet, exclaiming:

"By the great Jumbo! what does he want? Look out for the guns, Captain."

So saying he rushed out of the tent. We all followed, including the Professor and Xavier, who had been aroused.

We made our way first to the recess under the cliff where our guns and ammunition had been stored; but nothing was disturbed in that quarter. A careful examination of the surroundings of the camp gave us no light on the dark mystery. We searched the grass and sand for the trace of a strange foot-print; and even lighted a couple of torches and examined the thick carpet of needles for some distance into the grove. The utmost that rewarded our search was a faint indication of the needles being disturbed by a trail leading in a direction in which we seldom went; but whether of man or beast we could not determine. Returning to the camp, Xavier met us with the information that his department had been invaded; which was proved by the fact that a partridge and a black bass, which had been suspended from the limb of a birch, had been carried off. After surveying the scene of the depredation, the Captain gave his opinion that a wild cat or a wolverine could easily have done that. This appeared probable from the fact that a knife and hatchet which were sticking in the bark of the same tree had not been disturbed. But on this supposition, the greatest mystery of all, the shadow in the tent, remained unaccounted for. I was eager to seize on everything which went to indicate that I had not

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been deceived, as some of my comrades seemed to conclude, and proposed that we have another look at that trail, and get the opinion of Xavier, who was the most experienced bushman among us. The wily Frenchman went down on his knees and scrutinized the mark with the intense, fixed gaze of a bank teller examining a doubtful signature. Zeno sarcastically recommended that we bring out the microscope to aid the study. To which the Professor added, that we had better take home a specimen of that track and subject it to a chemical analysis. But there was very little that we could learn; the soft springy needles did not retain a foot-print that could be recognized. There was only an indication that they had been disturbed by something passing over them, but whether man or beast we could not determine. Indeed, the superstitious Frenchman ventured the opinion that it was neither.

There was nothing for us to do but to give up the search till daylight, and then institute a minute investigation until the dark mystery was unravelled.

As we came back to the camp there were a number of witty allusions made to my sharp sight or strong imagination, though they paid enough deference to my testimony to bring their guns into the tent and spend the rest of the night on the look-out. Fortunately, by this time it was near morning; the moon had already descended beyond the western horizon, and the eastern sky was tinged with a roseate hue, betokening the approaching dawn. So we sat in the tent and told wonderful stories of forest mysteries until the glorious

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up-soaring of the king of day put the shadows to flight, and light, glorious light,

"Offspring of Heaven, first-born,"

was enthroned on the mountain's crest. What a different world it seemed in broad daylight! How easy it was to laugh at the terrors of the night, now the darkness had flown away and the woods and islands were basking in the glowing sunbeams. The first thing to be attended to, of course, was breakfast; nothing short of a convulsion of nature would move us to abandon that order of things. So breakfast came on as though nothing unusual was stirring in our little world; and the respect we paid to it indicated that the excitement of the previous night had not in any way impaired our appetites.

Breakfast over, we commenced our reconnaissance to discover, if we could, what mysterious foe had invaded the privacy of our solitude. Many were the regrets expressed that we had not the service of our sharp-scented dog, whose natural instinct would have been of great assistance to us in ferreting out the intruder. But that sagacious creature was absent with Narcisse and Old Nick, on their unknown business; so we have to do the best we can with our own natural faculties. Inch by inch, and yard by yard, we explored the ground in widening circles around our tent. But the only trace we could discover of our invisible friend or foe was the trail through the pines, which we had examined in the darkness; and upon this trail we now concentrated all our attention. So poorly paid were

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we for all our trouble that we were on the point of giving up the search in despair, trusting to the intruder making his appearance again the following night. I had been leaning against a tree, studying the matter with all the mental power I was capable of, when an idea struck me which seemed to lighten the mystery somewhat, and I stepped forward, exclaiming:

"See here, Professor; that trail was made by a man; I would stake my reputation on that."

"That is the very question at issue," replied the Professor.

"Well, I have come to that conclusion, and now I will give you my points." So saying, I placed myself beside the trail and walked cautiously forward, taking strides of the same length, which were rather long for me. The result was that I left a trail exactly like the one we were examining.

"That is point number one; now for the next. Do you see that fallen tree yonder? There is a space of three feet beneath it. A lynx or wolverine could pass beneath it quite easily; not so a man; he would very likely make a detour to avoid it, as you see is the case with this trail; point number two. See here, again. In stepping over this log he left the print of his foot close up on either side; a four-footed beast would have cleared it at a bound or leaped to the top and down again; point number three. And further, when he passed between two small trees he disturbed the twigs to the height of at least five feet."

"Bravo!" shouted Zeno; "encore! encore! Lead on, my noble Nimrod, we'll have him yet." "There is not much more at present," I continued, "except that he was a tall man, and on this trail he was approaching our camp, but did not come back this way."

"How do you make that out?"

"Easily enough," I explained. "These strides were not taken by a small man; and only a long-legged individual could have stepped over that log without making a mark on the moss. As to direction, you will observe that in these needles we sink an inch deep at every step, and as the foot is lifted the needles about the toe are turned over, thus indicating the direction in which we are proceeding."

Friend Zeno had taken in all these points with intense interest, and the last observation appeared to cause him immense delight.

"I declare," he shouted, "if it is not as good as a book. Nimrod, my boy, you have mistaken your calling. You should have been a detective or an Indian hunter. But go on, old fellow. What's the shade of his hair and the color of his eyes ?"

"You should have asked that question last night when he inserted his ugly mug into our tent."

Our worthy Captain here came forward to have a word in the discussion.

"If I may venture an opinion," said he, "his hair and his eyes are both black."

"Why so, Captain ?"

"Because he must be either an Indian or the devil; and there is a strong family resemblance between them." From this observation it will be inferred that our genial Captain, with all his good-nature, had no great love for the aboriginal denizens of the forest. This peculiarity he had in common with most lumbermen, and when their reasons are given it is not surprising that such is the case.

The noble red man of Fennimore Cooper is a creature of the imagination. If he ever did exist in flesh and blood, he is now no more. The Indian of to-day, in his wild state, is a wretched sneak-thief; a disgusting, cowardly, mischief-making rascal, who sneaks around lumber camps and settlements, stealing everything he can carry off; hooking sheep, pigs, and chickens, and making himself a general nuisance. He comes to the shanty in midwinter in a destitute condition, pretending to be doubled up with starvation. He wheedles the good-natured cook out of a feed and a warm, and sits by the caboose eating baked beans and pork with a bearing as meek and demure as a charity girl. An unsophisticated observer would imagine that evil was far from his guileless heart. But all the while he is making an inventory of all the movable articles within reach; and when he has stowed away enough pork and beans for a week, should the cook's back be turned for a moment, the disgraceful scallawag is off to the bush with a hop, step, and a jump, bearing with him some useful souvenir of his visit.

No wonder there is little love for the poor Indian in the lumberman's heart. I have heard them uttering their opinion of the noble savage in language more expressive than elegant; and sometimes even regret-

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ting that they were not free to clear off the pesky vermin along with the skunks and raccoons.

A member of this interesting family had stolen a march on us.

"But where did he come from?" inquired the Professor.

"That's not the question," replied the Captain. "Where did he go to is the mystery. He came down here to our camp, helped himself to our provisions, and we can discover no trace of his return. He must either have vanished into the air or waltzed off on the water. Anyhow, we are not safe here any more. They will steal all we have and starve us to death. We shall have to keep a sharp look-out every night, and if he comes again fill him up with buckshot."

In this pleasant condition the interesting subject will have to be left at present.



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CHAPTER VIII.

"LO! THE POOR INDIAN."



EVERAL nights passed after the events narrated in our last without any further disturbance. We each took our turn at watching the camp

during the hours of darkness, but nothing came of it beyond a great deal of vexation and loss of sleep. One morning, a little before noon, I was fishing along the base of the cliff just where the rocky path suddenly terminated, a place where I have frequently had good success. There I was fishing away, paying all attention to the work in hand, when a shadow fell on the water beside me. Just then I had a bite, and, thinking the shadow was caused by some one from the camp, I did not look round immediately, but kept my gaze fixed on the line till my quarry was fairly hooked; then, lifting it out of the water, I turned to the unknown at my side with a smile of triumph, when -astonishment, surprise, amazement ! neither of these words, nor all of them, will express the state of my mind at finding myself confronted with the most startling apparition that ever fell upon these eyes. I

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stood for a moment petrified, with my fish dangling in the air. Such a wild, brigandish-looking mortal was never seen outside a menagerie.

It was an Indian, to be sure; probably the very one we have been hunting for so long turning up when least expected.

'How shall I begin to describe the nondescript figure he presented. The costume comes first, of course. To describe it in a word, I would say that it consisted mainly of holes fastened together with thongs of raw hide. "Nature abhors a vacuum," said the old philosophers. But this degenerate child of nature displayed a sublime disregard of vacuums of every shape and dimension. Perhaps a little more of detail is required; so let me begin at the top and work down. His head was covered with a thick mat of tangled black hair, which looked as though it had been combed with a garden rake and brushed out with the broom; it grew to an equal length all over his head, and was distributed as it grew without any reference to fore and aft, so that his twinkling black eyes peeped out through the ragged thatch-

"Like to an owl in ivy bush."

The upper part of his body was covered with an old blue woollen jersey, the numerous holes in which revealed the fact that it was the sole garment in that vicinity. His legs and feet were protected by leggings and mocassins of untanned moose hide, in very reduced circumstances. The rather large interval between the

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bottom of his jersey and the top of his leggings was provided for in a manner in which the maximum of ingenuity combined with the minimum of material; and the whole of his costume displayed a disregard for such trifles as fresh air and daylight that was suggestive of a lofty mind. By way of ornaments, this "Old man of the Mountain" sported a necklace of birds' beaks, bears' claws, human teeth, and other jewels; across his breast, as became a nobleman of nature, he wore a rare display of medals and decorations, composed mainly of the lids of tin blacking-boxes. Over his right shoulder was thrown with courtly grace a ragged blanket, while his left arm flourished an old flint-lock musket. This weapon, from its venerable appearance, might have scattered death at the battle of Quebec. If so, its ferocious air and immense proportions readily explain the sudden rout of the French. No reasonable man could expect them to stand before such formidablelooking weapons. An empty powder-horn and a sheath knife completed the tout ensemble of my new acquaintance. As to personal appearance, he was fully six feet tall, with a gaunt, long frame, flat, repulsive features, and a complexion which indicated that one great struggle of his life had been to keep out of the water.

This was the spectre that had thrust itself upon my attention; a dirty, greasy, half-naked savage, whose filthy person seemed to defile the very sunlight that fell upon him.

However, we are constitutionally so courteous and affable that it is not in our nature to be uncivil to any-

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thing, even to such a dirty dog as this; so we lower our unlucky fish that has been dangling in the air all this time, take off our chapeau with all the grace we are capable of, and make our obeisance to this scion of the woods, stating at the same time that we were proud to make his acquaintance. His reply was given in a language I could not understand; but I presume he was saying that the feeling was reciprocal. After exchanging a few expressions of mutual respect and esteem, we stood gazing at each other. I was mentally wondering what was next demanded by the etiquette of the forest. Just then on the balmy air was borne the welcome call to dinner. I informed my guest what that sound meant, and, stating that I could not think of dining without my worthy friend, begged that he would allow me to escort him to the diningroom. After walking a few paces with that spectre at my heels, it occurred to me that I would be more comfortable if that murderous-looking musket were in advance, so I paused and motioned him to lead the way, which he readily did. They were all on the grass before the tent, each with his plate between his knees; but the expression on their countenances as I advanced to present our guest would have made a study for Hogarth.

"Gentlemen," said I, bowing with mock gravity, "allow me to present to you the celebrated Mr. Lo, the famous individual renowned in prose and poetry as nature's nobleman."

This would perhaps have caused a laugh had not

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their surprise been too great for any other feeling. The Captain was the first to recover his power of speech.

"Nimrod, you son of a gun, where in the world did you find that scarecrow?"

"Hush! Captain, don't hurt the gentleman's feelings; you ought to be proud to make his acquaintance, he is a real aristocrat, a knight of the Order of Boot Blacking, as you see by his regalia."

Xavier was coming from the kitchen with a plate in each hand, when he encountered this unsavory phantom; the shock was so great that he stopped abruptly, deposited the plates on the grass, and drew back with a look of the most intense astonishment on his visage. This our noble visitor interpreted as an invitation to fall to. So he threw aside his gun and blanket with great alacrity, dropped on his knees, and, seizing both plates, he emptied one into the other and fell to, sans ceremonie.

Those plates with their contents were originally intended for Zeno and me; and it looked as though our chances for dinner were slight indeed. Zeno broke out at last,—

"Well, may I be smothered in honey if that doesn't beat any pantomime I ever heard of! I say, Nimrod, that must be one of your distinguished relations; no wonder you are so awfully stiff."

Fortunately the infallible Xavier had a supply in reserve, so Zeno and I were provided with something to begin on; and when dinner was in progress I told

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them all I knew about that itinerant nightmare. Before the rest of us had fairly commenced he had finished his double portion; and after carefully licking out the plate he laid it on the grass and looked about him with an Oliver Twist expression of countenance.

"Get him some more, Xavier," cried Zeno, with a chuckle. "Sixpence extra to see the animal feeding. Captain, I'd give a dollar to see how much he would stick into that carcase."

Our indignant cook came out of the kitchen with a collection of fragments, which he pitched down on the grass as though he were feeding a dog, grumbling all the time, in most expressive French, at having to wait on such disreputable company. It was not long until the very last of these was demolished, and still our insatiate guest appeared as lean and hungry as though he had eaten nothing for a week.

"Encore, Xavier !" shoùted Zeno. "Captain, let us see this thing out."

"Hold," said the Captain; "that will do. I tell you, Zeno, you don't know these people. That fellow would eat all we have in the camp if we gave it him; he would eat till his pantaloons would not hold him. That is their style; when they have anything to eat, they eat it all, and then starve till they get some more. A fellow of that kind once crawled through the window of my provision store, and ate till he was too big to get out again; and there we found him in the morning, so full that he could hardly move. Now, let me have a talk to that chap. I want to find out some-

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thing about him." So saying he addressed himself to the worthy child of the forest.

After considerable palaver, he discovered that the stranger had a little knowledge of French and expressed himself open to negotiation. He accounted for his presence there by the statement that he fell over the cliff, and had been concealed behind a boulder for three weeks without any food. He knew nothing about the provisions we had lost, had never been near our camp before to-day, and had had nothing to eat for a month. He was quite alone, had got separated from his tribe in the spring when they were out hunting, and had had nothing to eat ever since. He was a big Indian, the chief of his tribe, and his name was Tzoobloowootskibuchram. He was the bravest warrior in all the world. He was the greatest hunter that ever lived. He had slaughtered deer by thousands, and had slain more bears than the leaves of the forest. But now that his powder-horn was empty, and the silent mountains no longer echoed the death-shot of the mighty chief, the deer laughed at him, the bear mocked him; even the night owl said "too-whoo" in derision, because he was weak and starved, and had had nothing to eat for six months. This was the substance of all that could be extracted from him by the most rigid examination, and the Captain was of the opinion that it was not very reliable.

Still the brave warrior had eaten our salt, and we were bound to treat him with becoming courtesy while he remained with us; the difficulty was, how to get rid

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of him without hurting his aristocratic feelings. The Captain proposed, at last, to send him to the opposite side of the lake in the canoe, and letting him go about his business; and we, forthwith, prepared to give him a send-off worthy of his rank and station. We replenished his empty powder-horn, whereat the soul of the mighty hunter sang for joy. We gave him a good blanket in the place of the tattered rag he bore. We put up several pounds of pork and biscuit to help him on his journey home. And lastly, as a mark of our esteem, we invested him with the Order of the Star of Pickled Salmon, the insignia of which consisted of tin can lids threaded on a string. This over, we escorted him to the beach, where he took his seat in the canoe in which Zeno and I were to row him away, as we fondly, but vainly, hoped, never to return.

While crossing the lake we held quite a dialogue with our illustrious passenger, from which we will give a few brief extracts :

"Does not the soul of my red brother pine for the smoke of his wigwam and the faces of his young men?"

"Ne pit skunk," was the musical reply; which we accepted as equivalent to "You bet, old hoss."

"And will not the heart of my brave old cockalorum sometimes turn to his white brothers of the canvas wigwam ?"

"Nickety pickawa cum sickerty kicka bung," or something to that effect, shouted the doughty chief, as he brandished aloft his old musket with his left hand, while with his right he gave me a hearty grasp-

THE POOR INDIAN.

"Indeed, you quite surprise me. I scarcely expected such a demonstration of affection."

If that is what he meant it for, the dear fellow was as good as his word, and soon gave substantial proof that he loved us too dearly to stay away. As we landed him at the farthest part of the lake, I stepped ashore to bid him farewell, and thus addressed him :

"Free spirit of the mountains, depart in peace, bearing in thy gentle bosom the memory of the white man's kindness. Through the pathless woods and over the toilsome mountains make thy homeward way, pausing not till thy fleet foot has crossed the threshold of the distant wigwam in the village of thy fathers, where the weeping squaw, with tearful eyes, is watching in vain for her chief's return, and where the squalling papoose bewails the absence of its dad. Proud child of the desert, depart; the star of peace direct thee; and—good riddance to bad rubbish."

I delivered this exordium with uplifted hands and closed eyes, and was quite oblivious to the fact that the mighty skunk-hunter was off like a shot, without a parting word; so I had been wasting my sweetness on the desert air. I opened one eye near the end, and discovered his absence just in time to close in that rather abrupt manner.

"I say, Nimrod," called Zeno, "that's the most unceremonious chap I ever saw. He went up that slope like a singed cat; and the ungrateful old scamp stopped and shook his knife at us in a most ferocious way. That's all we get by feeding and honoring such

cattle as that. Well for the old villain I hadn't a gun or I would have given him a parting salute with a few grains of lead."

We returned slowly to the camp and spent the rest of the day in peace and quiet. We did not consider it necessary to keep a watch that night, supposing we had seen the last of the mysterious stranger.

The next day we were all away on the lake, the camp being deserted for several hours. On our return we were surprised and alarmed to see several persons moving about. Two of them were exploring the kitchen, apparently making free with the provisions; several others were moving in and out of the tent. This was an alarming state of things,. We concluded at once they were Indians, and, putting all our strength into oar and paddle, made all possible speed to the landing. Before we could get near enough to recognize any of them a shout was raised by someone, evidently on the look-out, and the whole company trooped off to the forest.

"The thieving rascals," growled the Captain, "they'll steal all we have. Give way, boys."

As we struck the beach a dilapidated individual emerged from the tent, whom we recognized as our visitor of the preceding day. He gave us a whoop of defiance, brandishing his murderous-looking musket with a war-like air, and started off on the trail of his retreating band. But he seemed to have been seized with paralysis in his legs, for they shook and bent beneath his weight. The grotesque appearance of

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that long, gaunt figure, staggering and swaying up the slope, provoked a laugh from us all as we dashed in pursuit.

Whatever it was that troubled the worthy chief he had it badly, for the very moment we laid our hands on him his legs seemed to shut up after the fashion of a carpenter's rule, and down he went on his hams with a thump. We had not expected such a sudden collapse. There he sat, swaying to and fro, with his hands energetically polishing the pit of his stomach as though he were disturbed by some internal sensations. We soon discovered that it was not anguish, but pleasure, he was experiencing. The grimaces that were distorting his rusty countenance were comical to witness, and of the torrent of gibberish that flowed incessantly from his lips the only syllable we could understand was a very expressive "hic," repeated at regular intervals, from all which signs we concluded that his lordship was not dying, but simply drunk.

No great mystery about that. We kept a bottle of brandy in the tent for cases of necessity. After six weeks in camp that bottle was still uncorked, and evidently fallen into the hands of the Philistines. The chief, of course, would come in for the lion's share, and the effect of the unaccustomed cordial was as described. It does not take much to make an Indian drunk ; and when he is drunk he is the very drunkest of all possible drunks.

Finding that he was too helpless to move, we came back to the camp to ascertain our losses. Fortunately

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our armory had not been discovered, so that our guns and ammunition remained intact. The kitchen had been pretty well cleaned out. But fortunately the caution of Xavier had led him to store most of our provisions in a secret recess under the cliff and keep in the kitchen only the provision needed for each day's consumption.

Now for the tent. They have evidently held high carnival here. Our bags have all been opened and their contents tumbled out on the floor. The Professor's field-glass they had evidently taken to be a kind of double-barrelled brandy bottle, for they had taken off the eye pieces, and the marks of their teeth showed how they had been trying to pull out the corks. But although very nearly everything had been overhauled, very little, if anything, had been carried off. Either the brandy bottles, bogus and genuine, had monopolized their attention, or our unexpected return had disconcerted their plans. Certainly we had reason to feel thankful that we had suffered so little from this unceremonious visit. "Now," said the Captain, when we had reduced things to order, "we will hunt up those fellows and ascertain how they came here."

"Captain, don't you think it possible they might have come down from the rear; along the passage of this water, for instance, there might be some kind of ravine by which they could descend?" This inquiry was made by the Professor, and it was an explanation of the difficulty which had occurred to myself.

"No," was the reply; "we have explored up there;

nothing but an eagle could get down that way; the water tumbles over a rock fifty feet high; they must have a boat of some kind. Come along."

Xavier was left in charge of the camp with instructions to fire a shot if anything turned up while we were away. The doughty chief was lying just where he fell, calmly slumbering, so we left him there and pressed on in the trail of the others. We had no need of a great deal of skill to follow them, for there was as rough a track as though a brigade of cavalry had charged up the slope. Our common ideas about the airy foot and stealthy tread of the crafty red man may be very poetic and very romantic, but hardly true to nature; we have never seen an Indian yet who did not make a track that would shame a cow. As for their stealth and craft, the reader may judge of that ° when informed that we came suddenly upon the whole party when they were in the act of holding a council of war; the jabbering of their own voices drowned the noise of our approach, and our sudden appearance startled them as much as though we had dropped from the pine tops. They were nine in number, and a pretty scraggy-looking lot. With their attire modelled on the costume we have described in the early part of this chapter, as they squatted on the needles in a bunch, they certainly presented a wild and picturesque appearance. Only one man was furnished with a gun, and that looked as though it might be as safe at one end as at the other. There were several knives and hatchets among them, but on the whole a very poor display of weapons.

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At our appearance they sprang to their feet and commenced to disperse; but a stern shout from the Captain, and a menacing movement of the barrel of his "long range," brought them to a standstill; another challenge, delivered in the Captain's deepest tones, induced them to commit an unconditional surrender.

I could not help thinking that the Indian's courage and spirit had been very much overrated when I saw our Captain, not by any means a large man, walk into the midst of those knives and hatchets and single out the biggest Indian of the pack for a parley. There were fiery gleams in some of their eyes, and some of their hands played rather threateningly about the handles of their sheath-knives; but that dark frown on the white man's face cowed the bravest spirit among them.

Then followed quite a lengthy palaver. It was surprising how much jabbering it took to elicit the smallest amount of information.

We learned at last that they belonged to a tribe situated near Lake Temiscaming, about a hundred and fifty miles to the north-west of us; and they were out on their summer ramble. These wretched creatures lived during the winter, partly supported by the Government, partly by trapping for the Hudson Bay Company, or hunting moose for the lumbermen, making up whatever else they needed by stealing anything they could. During summer, when game and fish were plentiful, they prowled about the woods in parties and lived pretty much as we saw them. As to how they

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came there, we were informed that they came down by the water. Nothing further could be learned from them, and indeed nothing more was needed; so they were ordered to take themselves off, and threatened with every possible penalty short of instant annihilation if they ever dared to come there again.

As the ragged squad withdrew, apparently well pleased to get off so easily, we followed to ascertain how they really did effect their entrance. In a few minutes we came to the cliff, by the side of which ran the water course. From the worn appearance of the rocks it was evidently a considerable stream in some seasons, but now only an almost imperceptible rill trickled from stone to stone; and the empty channel formed a convenient stairway up the precipice. For about a hundred yards our course lay by the side of the cliff, and suddenly turning to the left we find an immense chasm in the precipice down which the water seems to have made its way. This rift in the mountain contains a reservoir of clear, still water several feet deep, and we have a very narrow footing along its border. Edging along sideways we make our way for several yards, and at last there is no help for it but to take to the water and wade across, leg deep, to the other side, where we crawl on hands and knees under the overhanging cliff, till we reach the farther end of the chasm, and find all farther progress barred by a smooth, slippery rock forty feet high. Now, how did they get down into this place and how did they get up again? The mystery is easily solved, for a spruce has

tumbled into the ravine, the branches of which would assist an active climber in getting up and down.

However, a few blows with an axe will bring that tree into the water and make all secure in that direction. So we retrace our slippery steps and make our way home again, where we find Xavier keeping guard, while the prostrate Indian lie where we left him, snoring as hard as ever.

To dismiss the subject, before closing the chapter we have only to state that on awakening from his drunken stupor, we conveyed him once more across the lake and gave him his *mittimus*. The Captain and Xavier were for giving him a good thrashing before parting with him. But this was opposed by the Professor and myself, and in the end merciful measures prevailed. The Captain was fain to content himself with the energetic performance of a ceremony which is sometimes described as introducing the bootmaker to the tailor; at the same time bidding the fellow to "get to your own parish."

Sic transit Mr. Lo, and the brief acquaintance has not raised his character much in our estimation. There is certainly a great deal of gushing sympathy and maudlin admiration wasted over the noble red man, which he is not entitled to. If he has any virtues when he is converted and civilized, then give all the glory to that gospel which has saved him, for the fact remains that in his natural state the Indian is about as disreputable a scoundrel as ever decorated a gallows.

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CHAPTER IX.

DESCRIBES OUR BEAR-HUNTING.



E had not been favored much with the society of Narcisse and Nicholas since coming into camp; they had been employed most of the time in opening a bush road to facilitate

lumbering operations the following winter. Occasionally they would look in upon us to receive orders from the Captain, and lend whatever assistance we required; their appearance in camp was generally an event of interest, as they invariably came loaded with supplies from the castle, and with game they had taken.

After a while, however, we had reason to suspect that they were engaged in operations considerably more interesting than road-making. They made their appearance with greater frequency, and there was an air of secrecy about all their doings which excited our curiosity. We could not understand why the peaceful enterprize of clearing bush should require so much ammunition as they appeared to use, or why they should be favored with the services of the dog while

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AMONG THE LAURENTIANS.

the camp went unguarded day and night. All these things led us to suppose there was a little side play going on, and we naturally became very curious to learn what it was.

At last the revelation was made. The two supposed wood-choppers arrived in camp one afternoon with haste in their movements, mystery on their countenances, and an air of importance generally. They had a long private conference with the Captain, at the close of which they took the canoe and returned across the lake at a high rate of speed.

The Captain then called us all about him and favored us with an explanation of the business, the substance of which was as follows: It seems, that in the course of their rambles, these two wandering spirits had come across the track of some bears, and, thinking it might be agreeable to the Captain, had furnished him with information to that effect. The Captain immediately commissioned them to suspend operations, and put themselves upon the trail of those bears, to trace them out, to find their haunts, to study their habits, and make every arrangement for bringing us to where we could catch them with the least amount of trouble. This was the kind of work that had been going on for some time, and, in order to surprise us, the Captain had kept the affair secret until all his plans were completed. Now, it seemed, the time had come for striking the decisive blow.

The persevering Frenchmen had traced out the meandering trail of those bears day after day, and,

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having discovered their present locality, they had watched their operations until they knew pretty well every move the bears were likely to make, so there seemed every probability of their being able to bring us into contact with very little delay.

The bears were four in number, male and female, and two cubs. They were in the habit of resorting at sundown to a den among the mountains, the exact locality of which had been distinctly marked down. Now, the plan proposed was for us all to proceed well armed to the spot, in the night, and surround the mouth of the den before daylight, to shoot the two old bears as they emerged in the morning; and, if possible, to secure the two young ones alive.

I need not tell you we listened with considerable interest while the Captain unfolded these rather formidable plans. Now was the time he assured us; we would never have a better chance. If we had to hunt those bears for ourselves it would take us all summer, but it was a comparatively easy thing to bag the game when it was fairly run to earth. I need not tell you that there was not a dissentient voice: we were unanimous for war. We have not forgotten the rather peaceful sentiments that were uttered at the commencement of this history. The fact is, at starting, we had no anticipation of any such quarry as this, but now that it was thrown fairly into our hands, we were not slow to seize the rare opportunity.

Visions floated before our minds of bearskin rugs on the study floor, and formidable-looking claws and

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teeth to exhibit to our admiring friends. Along with this, there was the prospect of unlimited big talk among the poor ordinary folks down below, who never enjoyed the privilege of hunting the wild bear out of his dark den.

All this was very nice indeed, but the bears were not caught yet; and now and then the uncomfortable thought occurred to us that they might not fall in with our view of the case, and we are aware that bears can raise a vigorous opposition against any measure of which they do not approve.

Considerable weight is added to these reflections by an examination of our armory. We are certainly not fitted out for such heavy work, and for a moment we doubt if we are justified in undertaking it. But war is declared and hostilities have already commenced. Narcisse is now on his way to the scene of action, to watch the den and make sure they are within when we arrive at early dawn; Nicholas has gone to the castle to procure some articles needed for the expedition. That puts a new face on the matter, so we proceed to survey our resources. There is a good serviceable Snider in the shanty, which the Captain generally uses on occasions of this kind. The Professor has a pet Remington, in the use of which he claims to be expert, although he has done nothing with it as yet beyond riddling pieces of birch bark at two hundred yards; it seems a slight machine to attempt the slaughter of a bear with, throwing a bullet not much larger than a pea. That is really all the artil-

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lery we can place in the field that can be depended on for any long range. Beyond this we have nothing but smooth-bores carrying home-made bullets. They are pretty hard hitters for their kind, for the bullets are full large, and they may do good execution at short range; but short range with a pack of infuriated bears is likely to be rather a trying situation for amateur sportsmen. Fortunately there are plenty of them; we have just enough artillery to go round, and the Captain declares he will advance the entire company, including the dog, and the camp will have to take care of itself.

Nicholas arrives from the castle with the Snider, a bullet mould, and various other things; so we spend the afternoon casting bullets and making all preparations for the work in hand.

The lair of the wild beasts is about ten miles from here, and the route lies through such broken country that, in order to get there before sunrise, we will have to start about midnight. So as soon as the sun goes down we turn in to have a few hours' sleep before starting. Sleeping, under those circumstances, would have been very difficult to most persons; but we had become so accustomed to the vicissitudes of savage life that we slept quite soundly till we were aroused by a poke in the side, and found the Captain standing over us, lighting his pipe, and at the same time stirring up the company with the toe of his boot.

"Time to start, boys, and no time to lose."

It was rather trying to the patience to be roughly

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shaken out of a sound slumber and called to leave the warm blankets and go out into the chilly night air for a long journey in the dark; but the thought of our enterprise filled us with unusual vigor, and we sprang up ready for action. We had made all preparations over night, so there was no delay. Two days' rations for the whole party were put up and carried by Nicholas. Our stock of pine knots being low, we reinforced them with rolls of birch bark and turpentine. We needed plenty of light, for the moon was down and the woods were filled with Egyptian darkness.

Now, when all is ready, we take our seats in the boat and are rowed gently across the lake, the muffled rumbling of the oars being the only sound that broke the stillness, and the only lights visible being the two twinkling spots before the faces of the Captain and Xavier. There seemed to be an unusual tendency to speak in hushed murmurs and to remain as motionless as possible, so that we would have presented a very mysterious appearance to an observer had there been any near.

Crossing the broad lagoon we had light enough from the stars; but when we entered the channels among the islands, where the cliffs sometimes leaned over our heads and the branches of the trees frequently brushed our faces, a light was needed to keep us from running aground at every turn. The office of torchbearer was assigned to me, and as I sat in the bow flourishing a flaming roll of birch, I enjoyed very

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much the fantastic play of light and shadow on the rocks and trees we passed. We have no time for a detailed description; indeed, there was no time for a detailed observation, for all our faculties were required for the purposes of navigation. Travelling by water was a comparatively easy mode of procedure, and could we have covered the whole distance in that manner our labors would have been comparatively light. But when we landed from the boat and endeavored to push our way on foot through the gloomy forest then came the tug of war. We took the precaution to see that no gun was loaded, so as to avoid the danger of a premature discharge, lighted several torches and proceeded single file, Nicholas leading. For several miles we had a pleasant path through an open pine wood, and, with our glare of light and glittering arms, made quite an imposing array.

By this time our spirits were high and our hearts were light, and very soon we were beguiling the way by roaring songs in both French and English. Nicholas and Xavier were highly delighted when we made the pine woods ring with our college versions of "Allouette," "Vive la Canadienne," "Bon soir, mes amis, bon soir," and other roaring French choruses. And so, for an hour or more, the roaring, blazing brigade swept on, startling the quiet old forest with sights and sounds that had not been seen nor heard there since the creation.

But it was not going to be all so smooth sailing as this. In a little while we descended into a valley and

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found ourselves in a beaver meadow. When we were travelling waist-high through tangled grass wet with dew, and where an occasional mis-step took one leg deep in water, our merry ditties gave place to exclamations of an entirely different character. Zeno and I were travelling together in the line of march, and the variety of expletives and interjections to which that impatient youth gave utterance in the course of an hour was a revelation of the resources of our grand old Saxon tongue.

We need not drag the reader all through this weary pilgrimage; it will suffice to say that we were so free with our torches that they gave out and left us in the dark. We were having considerable trouble to get along, and were despairing of arriving in time, when we observed a light in the distance which we took to be the bivouac fire of our scout Narcisse. This proved to be the case, for on advancing we found that worthy sitting against a tree comfortably smoking his pipe. What would a Frenchman do without his *tabac*?

It was good news that we need not go any farther for an hour. So we threw ourselves down on the ground and assailed Narcisse with questions about the bears. We were within half a mile of the den. He had seen the bears retire last night, and there was not much probability of their stirring before daylight, so we might consider them sure.

It was with considerable impatience that we waited for the first peep of dawn. There was something exciting about this kind of work, although it was not

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BEAR-HUNTING.

entirely a new experience. The Frenchmen and the Captain were old hunters; Zeno and the Professor had both taken part in a bear-hunt; while my experiences in that line were limited to sitting behind a fence half the night waiting for a bear that never came.

As soon as it was light enough to move we advanced to take up our positions.

We are now in a very pleasant valley, the rocky floor of which is entirely barren save for a few juniper bushes. In the dim morning light we can just discover that the valley is surrounded with lofty walls of rock, and is very thinly wooded with stunted spruce and cedar, while through its centre flows a narrow stream bordered with birch and poplar. At the upper end the space between the walls gradually contracts, till the valley suddenly terminates with a jagged mass of fallen rocks and *debris*, beneath which the stream appears to have its rise.

Here is the den of the wild beasts we have come to destroy. At the base of the cliff, on the left hand side, between the shattered chaos and the solid rock, arched over by the trunk of a fallen pine, there can be distinctly seen the dark opening. There is just time for a few words of instruction, and we immediately take our places. To the left there is a projection of the rock, about six feet high, fringed with juniper; a splendid position for an attack in flank. This point of vantage is assigned to the Professor and myself. On the other side are some loose boulders, forming a

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AMONG THE LAURENTIANS.

convenient breastwork for Zeno and Narcisse. Along the front at a distance of about fifty yards is a cluster of juniper bushes, among which lurks the Captain with his Snider; he is supported by Xavier and Nicholas, provided with potato bags, ready to rush out and secure the cubs when the old ones are killed. Our instructions were to remain perfectly quiet until the bears appeared, and then to shoot them as they came out. If silence were essential to success we certainly had it, for since arriving on the spot not a sound had been uttered, even our positions were indicated by simply a motion of the Captain's hand.

The stealthy lynx is not more noiseless in his movements than the Professor and I as we climbed to our perch and laid down on the moss, peering out through the juniper to watch that inscrutable hole. The Professor had his Remington and a good supply of cartridges; I had a double-barrelled smooth-bore, one barrel of which I had loaded with a bran new bullet, the other with buckshot. Not that I expected to kill a bear with buckshot, but it was well to have it by me in case of emergency. A good heavy charge of buckshot to fire into a bear's face might head off a rush and save some one from an ugly mauling.

We had scarcely taken our places and made a mental estimate of the distance, when out came Mr. Bruin. He came out so suddenly, and with a celerity so unusual for a bear, that I fancy he suspected something was wrong. After glancing over the valley and not discovering anything very alarming, he deliber-

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ately sat down, on his own doorstep, so to speak. And there he sat, swaying himself backward and forward in a manner peculiar to bears, indulging at the same time in a series of the most hog-like grunts. I observed, also, that he kept turning up his nose and sniffing in a suspicious manner, as though he detected something in the atmosphere not quite right.

"He ought to be dispatched before the other comes out," whispered the Professor. "It won't do to have them both on our hands at once." And with that he rose to his knees.

Just then, bang! came a rattling shot from the other side; the impulsive Zeno had opened fire.

The bear gave a snort like a frightened horse and started to his feet, his whole body quivering with fury. From his open throat came the most horrible snarls and growls I have ever heard, his hot breath making a cloud of vapor around his head through which could be seen his glaring eye-balls. Woe be to the unlucky mortal who now comes within range of those deadly claws !

I glance toward the Captain; he has risen to his feet and is taking aim. As the Snider gives voice the bear's growling is stopped by something like a cough, telling plainly where that ball went to.

The Professor then, to my surprise and alarm, sprang off the rock in full view of the bear, not twenty yards off; and there he stood, with nothing between him and destruction but the barrel of his Remington.

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AMONG THE LAURENTIANS.

Now he will have to put in a death-shot, or the bear will be upon him before either of us can pull a trigger.

And it was a death-shot. The Remington gave a little pop, quite insignificant compared with the two preceding reports; but the effect upon the bear was decisive. He collapsed all in a heap, then slowly rolled over on his side, and lay stretched out on the rock, only indicating by an occasional gasp and convulsive movement that any life was left in him. The whole affair had not lasted a minute, from beginning to end; he could not have had a quicker dispatch if he had died in the butcher's shambles.

"Look out for the she!" called the Captain. The Professor drew back behind the rock, and we resumed our watch upon the mouth of the den. We watched for half an hour, but there was no further sign of life.

"What's the matter, Captain ?" called Zeno; "seems to hang fire."

"Pitch in a stone, Nimrod," was the reply.

Several stones thrown right into the den failed to elicit any response, and we began to fear that the old lady had given us the slip. Xavier ventured to crawl up near enough to peep in; he even lit a quantity of birch bark and threw it blazing into the interior, after which, to our unutterable disgust, he pronounced it empty. We had been all this time mounted guard over a dead bear, while the living ones had been making their escape.

We now gathered around and began to examine the carcase of our prostrate quarry. He was not a very

large bear, but his hide was in very good condition for this season of the year. The question now to be decided was to whom did he belong. We had previously agreed that the hide should go to whoever gave the death-shot. But the difficulty was who gave the deathshot. The Captain's bullet had passed through the lungs, while the Professor's had pierced the brain, and either of these shots would have caused death. Zeno's aim must have been pretty well taken, for his bullet had apparently passed clear through the bear without leaving any external mark or bruise. The odds were evidently between the two shots; the Captain, however, having already several skins in his possession, generously consented to forego his claim, so it was unanimously agreed that the hide should go to the Professor.

While we were coming to this conclusion Xavier had been exploring the den, and now we were furnished with the information that the cave had a back entrance, through which the she bear and the two cubs had gone off, leaving a very distinct trail. This raised the hope that we might catch them yet, and, leaving two of the Frenchmen to skin the old fellow, the rest of us seized our guns and started in pursuit.

It is only necessary to state that we hunted those bears till sundown without the faintest gleam of success, and, after tramping till we could scarcely move a foot, scrambling through *brules* till we were as black as negroes; tumbling over rocks till we tore our clothes to tatters, and started blood at every joint; plunging through swamps till we were drenched to the skin and

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covered with mud, we concluded that if the bears were not enjoying themselves more than we were, they were an unhappy lot. After repeating this variety of experience till we were the most disgusted set of hunters that ever got fooled on a bear trail, we decided to adjourn the hunt *sine die*.

We had bear steaks for supper that night, cut recking from the carcase on the spot. We did not eat them raw, by any means, but had them cooked in true hunter style; and, as that style is somewhat unique, we will describe it here in the interest of the public.

First, as the cookery book would say, you must catch your bear.

Certainly no reasonable man would expect to eat the bear's flesh while the animal was running at large; but the point we wish to emphasize is, that in order to the full enjoyment of the bear steak, it is indispensably necessary that you catch the bear yourself. Bear beef that was captured by anyone else would be pretty poor eating, and would be very likely to raise an insurrection in a third-rate-boarding-house. It is also necessary that you dine while you are still thrilling with the enthusiasm of the chase; if you wait till you have cooled down, it will require a pretty vivid imagination to convince you that all is well. Having slaughtered and skinned your bear, you next proceed to cut off your steaks-I do not remember from what part of the animal, but that is doubtless a matter of taste. My taste, under ordinary circumstances, would suggest a spot considerably to the rear of the tail.

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As regards fire, you will need a good fierce one; let it burn until there remains only a glowing heap of coals. Now, take a couple of ramrods, wipe clean, and run them through and through your thin steaks so they will be perfectly flat, then proceed to toast them over your glowing coals, taking care to turn them every few seconds so as to keep in the juices. If you are cooking for a large party, you had better press into the service as many as the fire will accommodate, and the sight of three or four fellows down on their knees around a pile of red coals, toasting slices of meat on the points of ramrods, would make quite a picture for an artist.

Now when a sufficient quantity is cooked, and there is plenty of it, the bare earth furnishes both seat and table, shanty biscuits are the only plates, pocket-knives the only cutlery, hunger the only sauce; and, perhaps, with all these accommodations, bear steak may be found to be quite eatable.

One advantage of this style of cooking is that it does not require the lugging around of a great load of kitchen ware, hence it is admirably adapted to bivouac parties. We have cooked partridge, duck, and trout in this way, and if you only have a packet of salt among you it answers all purposes. As to bear beef as an article of diet, it may be better than starvation, but I am persuaded that if there is anything particularly delectable about it, it is owing entirely to the circumstances under which it is generally eaten. Hungry and exhausted men are ready to eat almostanything, and to eat it with considerable enthusiasm; but if there is anything else within easy reach, bear steaks may take a back seat for me.

After our long and fruitless chase that day, to return home that evening was out of the question; so there was no help for it but to camp down where we were. We had neither tent nor blankets, but fortunately firewood was plentiful, and we kept up a glorious blaze till near morning, while a bower of spruce boughs kept off the dews; and in that way we managed to pass the night without any more discomfort than is generally encountered in a forest bivouac. There is certainly more or less of inconvenience and privation connected with this wild bush life, and we do not recommend it to fastidious people If a man has not enough of enthusiasm in his nature to endure these things, he had better keep within reach of warm baths and feather beds and never go camping.



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CHAPTER X.

"HOME, SWEET HOME."



E have thought that it would be appropriate to close this series with a chapter on the home life of the camp. Home is said to be where the heart is, and we may safely say

our heart is wherever the tent is pitched.

What a delightful glamor of romance there is about the white canvas walls gleaming through the foliage or between the pine trunks.

"Ah, me ! even now I see before me stand— Among the verdant cedar boughs half hid— The little radiant, airy pyramid : Like some wild dwelling built in fairy-land. Gently stirring at the quiet birth Of every short-lived breeze : the sunbeams greet The beauteous stranger in the quiet bay."

We have noticed, in camping out, that it does not take long for a home-like feeling toward the tiny dwelling to possess one, as well as quite a home-like appearance to surround a situation of this kind. Even

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the lazy, languid curl of the smoke has its charms, as it leisurely winds its way up through the pine tops. As for the cheery sizzle of the frying-pan, as it greeted our ears on our return from some weary excursion, it could only be fully appreciated by the zest which health and hunger gave us.

Ours was a jovial camp; from morning till night, and often later, our shouts and laughter rang out, startling the desert stillness. We had abundant reasons for satisfaction, as we were so happily provided for in every respect. Our cook, Xavier, proved to be a perfect genius in forest craft, and, in addition to his abundant labors in the culinary department, he looked after the welfare of the camp in general. He mended everything, from a fishing-tackle to a boat. With needle, knife, or hatchet, he was continually at work producing something useful or necessary to the community. The ready wit and the variety of expedients he was capable of were most surprising; for every emergency he had a resource, for every ill a remedy; whatever might happen, Xavier was on the qui vive; call upon him any hour of the day or night, he was ready with the cheery response, "Oui, monsieur, tout bien." We have known few who will be remembered with greater pleasure than our active, faithful, good-natured little Frenchman. This, perhaps, will explain why I am able to state that we were as comfortable in camp as we could wish to be.

Now, concerning our home life. One important consideration was to adopt some method of taking our

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meals with as much comfort as possible. At first we supposed that the earth would afford very suitable tables and seats, without any further ado, and for some time took our meals reclining on the grass in various attitudes; but this method, though cheap enough, was found to have its inconveniences.

We once had the honor of enjoying the hospitality and sharing the quarters of a gentleman in the muskrat business. The bare earth was the bed, the sky was the roof, and our own overcoat was the blanket. We had plenty of room and good ventilation, but still the accommodations were not all that could be desired. Somehow we could not sleep; we were harassed all night by a lingering suspicion that our bed had not been made up. Mentioning this circumstance to our host next morning, he remarked, "Young man, you should scrape holes to lay your bones in."

Just so with our dining-room difficulties. We had plenty to choose from, but somehow it was difficult to find places that seemed to fit us at all comfortably. We tried to compromise the matter by propping ourselves against the trees, and immediately the difficulty of pine gum obtruded itself. Xavier came to the rescue at last and solved the problem in a most ingenious manner. He cut a couple of logs of proper length and thickness, rolled them into position in front of the tent, and upon their upper surfaces he cut a number of circular spots, about as large as a restaurant table for one; then, by sitting astride of a log with one of these places between our knees, we were en-

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abled ever after to take our meals in decency and comfort.

As to provisions, we managed to keep ourselves pretty well supplied. Our active fishing-lines and shotguns were useful auxiliaries of the kitchen, and we drew upon the castle for flour, biscuits, tea, potatoes and other vegetables; so that we were furnished with as good a variety as one could expect under the circumstances.

Sometimes it rained. On one occasion it rained for two whole days and nights. But our tent was waterproof and shed off all the rain that came through the pines; so we had only to remain under cover and make all snug. These were the times that tried our resources; for although our field sports were positively endless, our stock of indoor amusements was very limited. Reading was the great stand-by. We had with us a volume that has charmed away many a weary hour, the darling of our pleasure library, dear old Christopher North; with what interest and pleasure did we pore over those charming "recreations," while the rain pattered down on the roof of the tent. Those entrancing descriptions of sport and adventure seemed so appropriate to our present situation. With Christopher North in one pocket, and Sir Walter Scott in the other, we are prepared to stand a week's rain anywhere.

But we had other employments to while away the passing hour; for instance, we spent nearly the whole of one day in making torches. We trimmed a whole

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lot of pine knots into serviceable flambeaux, and, in addition to this, we invented a torch composed of oakum, pine gum, and birch bark. The oakum we obtained by fraying a lot of old rope, the turpentine was supplied in abundance by the surrounding pines. We discovered that oakum, well soaked in turpentine, rolled up tightly in sheets of birch bark and fastened with wire, formed really a brilliant outdoor lamp. It could be easily snuffed and trimmed by hitting it against a tree.

The unquenchable Zeno was the inventor of this "New Light," and he was so tickled with the success of the idea that he enticed me out into the woods for half a night holding one of his torches while he shot a lynx that was lurking around the camp. His theory was that the animal would be attracted by the light to within gunshot, and then he would be sure to hit it; there could be no doubt about that. We certainly had light enough to have shot a menagerie, but the lynx, apparently, had his own reasons for loving darkness rather than light. It was not very exciting work holding that torch, though the shadows leaped and danced in a manner that was confusing, to say the least of it. But when the hot turpentine began to run blazing down on to my fingers, I had excitement enough for a whole circus. Zeno hovered on the outskirts of the light, peering out into the darkness, with his finger on the trigger. It would certainly have gone hard with anyone that had ventured within reach just then; and no one knew that, apparently,

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better than the lynx did. I saw Zeno, at last, kneeling behind a log, with his gun at rest, taking aim at some invisible foe; and that was the last view I had of him as I shied the stump of the torch at his red head and started for home. It is still the missing lynx.

We made those torches, and a number of other useful articles, one wet day when we could not do anything else. On the whole, a wet day is long enough in camp. We have no objection to windy weather, cold weather, or any other kind of weather, if it will only admit of carrying on outdoor operations; but from wet grass, wet trees, a damp, humid atmosphere, and a drenching downpour when we are under canvas, St. Swithin defend us.

The most popular institution of the camp was the evening bonfire. Just a little way in front of the tent we built a stone "caboose," on the top of which we raised every evening a goodly pile of gummy pine; and as the curtains of night were lowered, a cheery blaze sprang up and beat back the darkness, setting our shadows dancing, bringing out the branches of the pines into strong relief and making the gloomy old forest radiant with glory.

The nights were very chilly; in fact, during the latter part of our stay they were quite frosty, so that we enjoyed the heat of the fire as much as the light. Oh! what happy times we had as the flames crackled and roared, throwing a ruddy gleam over half the lake and the adjacent islands. During the best of the blaze we generally did nothing but tend to the fire,

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stirring it up with long poles and heaping on the fuel, at the same time skipping around with as intense delight as a party of school-boys.

> " Amid the lurid flames our figures stand, As through the shrouding vapors dimly viewed; To fancy seem in that strange solitude, Like the wild brethren of some lawless band."

As the flames gradually subsided and the fire became a glowing heap of coals, we generally settled down to enjoy it quietly. With the fire before us, and the screen of spruce boughs behind us to keep off the wind, what glorious evenings we had, spinning campfire yarns by the hour, reading aloud from our scanty stock of literature, discussing the events of the day and the affairs of the universe generally; occasionally filling the air and waking the echoes with jovial choruses. What an endless variety of music we had, sacred and secular ! College choruses, Salvation Army songs, Jubilee melodies, did ever they sound so well as when we laid back and gave them mouth-room and lung-power, pealing them out with a vim that shook the very pine tops! Our friend Zeno had a voice of most amazing compass. It was worth going a long way to hear him sing, and to witness the glow of intense satisfaction that overspread his beaming countenance as he roared out-

"I'm a-rolling, I'm a-rolling," etc.

Those were happy hours; long live their memory.

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AMONG THE LAURENTIANS.

Considerable interest generally centred around a big iron pot in the middle of the fire, for to the end we kept up that relic of civilization, a late supper; and as the evening wore on and the fire went down, Xavier proceeded to dish up the last meal of the day.

We have had some experiences after turning in for the night that were worth recording; some of these have been already mentioned. We had a lantern and stock of candles for indoor use; outside we used either pine knots or birch torches.

Behold us, then, with the door of the tent drawn to, the candle swinging overhead, adjusting ourselves for a few hours' sleep. Coat and boots were generally all the clothing we discarded; the boots being rolled up in the coat formed a substitute for a pillow for the most luxurious of us. Each man rolls himself in as many blankets as the temperature requires and settles himself as comfortably as possible upon the cedar twigs. A few nights of camp life will accustom one to this kind of thing, and, on the whole, we have passed as comfortable nights, and enjoyed as profound slumber, under canvas as under shingles.

When all is ready someone blows out the candle; and sometimes the candle would go out prematurely. We have known a laugh from Zeno to put out the light, when it happened to be in a line with his mouth; more than once I have been left in the darkness to struggle with blankets that would twist themselves into ropes, and get round my neck and between my legs like so many boa-constrictors. Sometimes the

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candle would avenge its untimely extinction by diffusing an unpleasant odor, which would draw from the Captain the gentle request, "Nimrod, my boy, pitch out that lantern; it smells like a soap factory afire." And then we would gradually settle down to repose, and the steady breathing of the party for the rest of the night would be varied by such observations as, "Zeno, old fellow, take your knees out of the middle of my back, will you?" This from the Professor; or from the Captain, "Zeno, old man, for pity's sake put your big feet outside the tent. I declare we shall have to put you in irons if you don't behave better than this."

If not a travelling preacher, Zeno certainly was a travelling sleeper, for he never woke up within several yards of where he laid down, and generally made a circuit of the tent before morning.

There were occasional disturbances without that sometimes broke up our repose.

One night I was enjoying a long and troubled dream, the substance of which was that I had been sentenced to be trampled to death by an elephant, and the sentence was being carried out, when I awoke and found Zeno crawling over me on his hands and knees, shedding his blankets as he rose to his feet outside the tent.

"What's the matter, Zeno?"

"Hush! man, keep quiet; d'ye hear that?"

"Too-whoo! too-whoo!"

We saw the point; the hoot of the night owl had

roused the sportsman, and he was bound to put in a shot.

We lay listening to his footsteps as he glided stealthily about seeking for that mysterious bird, whose derisive "too-whoo" sounded like the chuckle of some imp of darkness. It was not long until a report rang out with a most unmerciful crash that scared the entire camp, and a minute later Zeno inserted his head into the tent with the remark, "Say, boys, I came near hitting the biggest owl I ever saw; I declare it was as big as a turkey."

This was getting to be an old story. Zeno was always very near hitting something, except on one occasion when he came very near missing—the dog.

But it takes a pretty good shot to hit an owl in the gloom of a pine forest. Minerva's bird has a reputation for sagacity, and he is generally wise enough to keep out of the way of a shotgun.

By the way, it occurs to us that the owl is a bird whose character is very much misunderstood. For instance, we speak of the "melancholy owl." This is surely a mistake, for all the owls we have ever met had a decided vein of humor in their natures. For facetiousness and a taste for playing practical jokes on people, commend to me the jovial owl. There is something in his grave bearing and solemn expression that sharpens the edge of his grim humor, for there is no fool like the wise fool. And when the grey spectre, with its staring goggle-eyes and noiseless flight, has scared some simple rustic out of half his scanty wits

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does not the hoarse "too-whoo" sound like the smothered snicker of impish merriment.

Then again, we hear of the "moping owl," the "boding owl;" no such thing, the owl is the most rakish and jovial bird in the whole range of ornithology. He is, in fact, a rollicking, dissipated character; he gets on the spree every night, and never goes home till morning. The place of the owl in this department of nature requires to be better understood.

These were some of the thoughts that crossed our mind on that memorable occasion. Possibly we might have collected the material for quite a dissertation on this neglected department of ornithology had not 'sleep, balmy sleep'' once more asserted her sway, and we sank into blissful unconsciousness.

" Look through the opening in the canvas wall, Through which, by fits, the scarce-felt breezes play, Upon four happy souls thine eye will fall ; The summer lambs are not more blest than they. On the green twigs all motionless they lie ; In dreams romantic—dreams of balmy sleep ; The filmy air slow glimmering on their eye, And in their ear the murmuring of the deep."

We have only to add, in closing our narrative, that we broke up camp at the end of September, and returned to town in time for the opening of college. Zeno and I entered immediately upon our studies, while the Professor went across the line and accepted a tutorship in a Southern school.

The Camping Song at the beginning of the story was composed in memory of our campaign.

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